



Vulcan UDP (Utilizing the Digital Protocol): Collaborating to Accelerate ICH M11 and End User Value





Welcome to the Utilizing the Digital Protocol Webinar

July 11th, 2024 at 09.00 – 10.30am EST

Time	Topic	Speaker
Welcome and Introduction		
5 mins	Kick-off and ground rules	Stacy Tegan
10 mins	Panel introductions and setting the stage	All
Speaker Presentations		
15 min	Delivering a Data-Driven ICH M11 Clinical Protocol Template	Ron Fitzmartin, FDA
10 min	Regulator Perspective on ICH M11 Deliverables and What the Digitization Will Enable	Noemie Manent, EMA
10 min	Overview of the Digital Data Flow Project and the Collaboration with M11 and UDP	Chris Decker, CDISC
15 min	UDP Project Overview	Hugh Glover, Vulcan
10 min	Pathway to Implementation	Mary Lynn Mercado, TransCelerate (Novartis)
10 min	Q&A	All
Wrap-Up		
5 min	Close	Stacy Tegan



- **All participants will be muted for this call.**
Connect to audio to listen to presentations via your computer or phone
- **You can Reduce the control panel** for a better view of the presentation
- **To submit Questions to the presenters,** Type your question in the Questions panel and click Send – Please denote who your question is for

Reduce

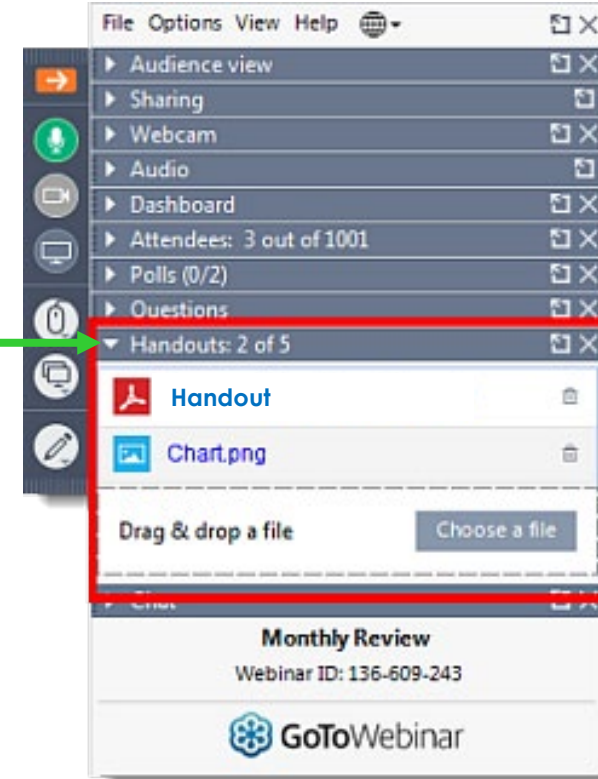
Questions

The screenshot shows the GoToWebinar interface. At the top, there is a menu with 'File', 'Options', 'View', and 'Help'. Below the menu, it says 'In Practice Mode' and has a 'Start' button. A list of controls is visible on the right side, including 'Audience view 100%', 'Sharing', 'Webcam', 'Audio', 'Dashboard', 'Attendees: 1 of 1001 (max)', 'Polls (0/0)', 'Questions', 'Handouts: 0 of 5', and 'Chat'. A red arrow points to the 'Reduce' button (a right-pointing arrow) in the top-left corner of the control panel. An orange arrow points to the 'Questions' option in the list of controls. Below the list, there is a table with columns 'Question' and 'Asker'. At the bottom, there is a 'Send' button and a 'To: All - Entire Audience' dropdown menu.



- Please download the **Webinar handout** which contains links to contacts and additional resources
- **Reminder:** This webinar will be recorded in whole or in part

Handout



We want to make this discussion helpful and answer as many of your questions as we can:

- Participation is voluntary, as is using TransCelerate assets/tools
- The responsibility for compliance with laws and regulations is owned by the solution adopter
- You don't have to identify what company you work for

Things we would ask you not to discuss:

- What specific vendors/sites/CROs/sponsors companies are working with
- Any issues companies have with any specific vendors/sites/CROs/sponsors
- Anything related to pricing or costs

Vulcan UDP (Utilizing the Digital Protocol): Collaborating to Accelerate ICH M11 and End User Value

 **THURSDAY, JULY 11**  **9 - 10:30 A.M. EST**

PANELISTS



HUGH GLOVER
TECHNICAL DIRECTOR



MARY LYNN MERCADO
GLOBAL HEAD PROTOCOL
DELIVERY & US SITE HEAD,
REGULATORY WRITING &
SUBMISSIONS



CHRIS DECKER
PRESIDENT AND CEO



RON FITZMARTIN
SENIOR ADVISOR,
OFFICE OF REGULATORY
OPERATIONS



NOEMIE MANENT
CLINICAL TRIAL
TRANSFORMATION,
CHANGE MANAGER





Delivering a Data-Driven ICH M11 Clinical Protocol Template

Ron Fitzmartin, PhD, MBA

Sr. Advisor, Office of Regulatory Operations,
Data Standards Branch
Center for Biologics Evaluation & Research
U.S. Food & Drug Administration

ICH M11 Rapporteur

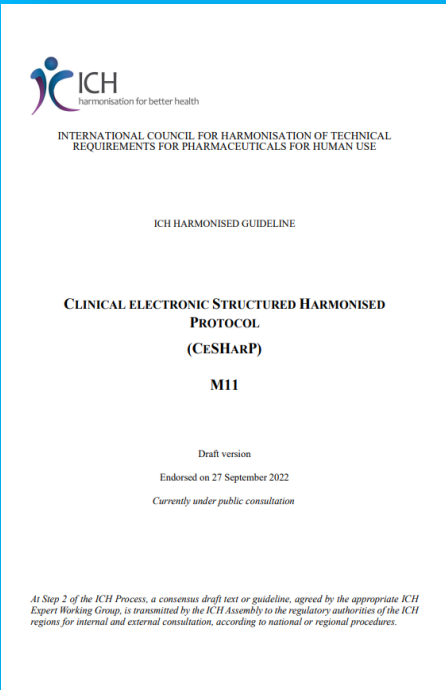
FDA Disclaimer

The views and opinions presented here represent those of the speaker and should not be considered to represent advice or guidance on behalf of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

ICH M11

Clinical electronic Structured Harmonised Protocol

Guideline



ICH
harmonisation for better health

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH HARMONISED GUIDELINE

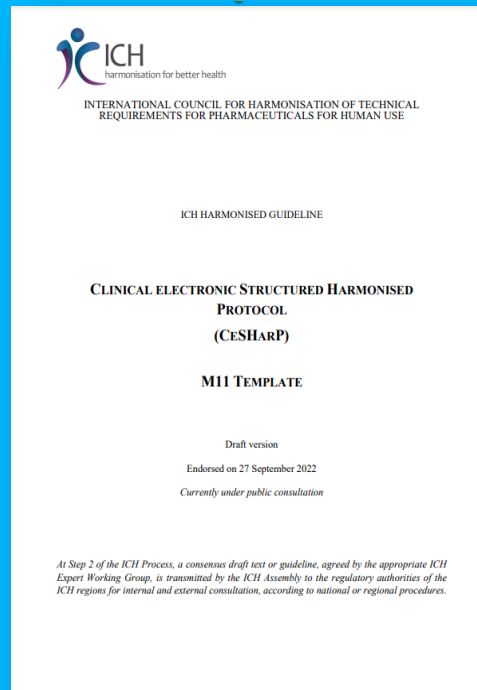
CLINICAL ELECTRONIC STRUCTURED HARMONISED
PROTOCOL
(CESHARP)

M11

Draft version
Endorsed on 27 September 2022
Currently under public consultation

At Step 2 of the ICH Process, a consensus draft text or guideline, agreed by the appropriate ICH Expert Working Group, is transmitted by the ICH Assembly to the regulatory authorities of the ICH regions for internal and external consultation, according to national or regional procedures.

Template



ICH
harmonisation for better health

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH HARMONISED GUIDELINE

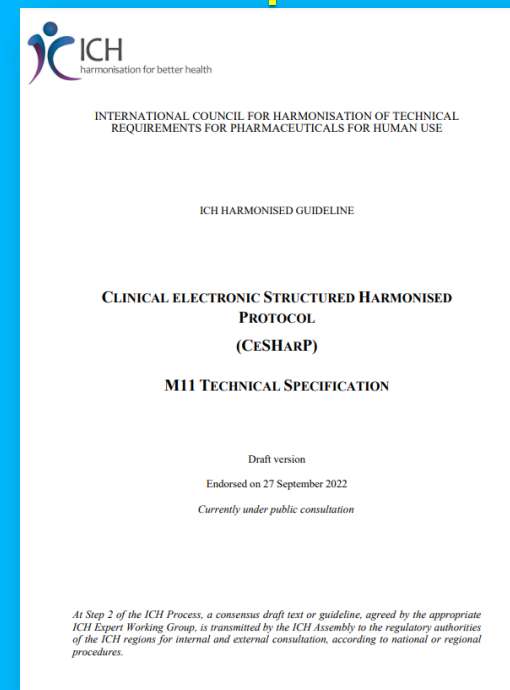
CLINICAL ELECTRONIC STRUCTURED HARMONISED
PROTOCOL
(CESHARP)

M11 TEMPLATE

Draft version
Endorsed on 27 September 2022
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Technical Specification



ICH
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INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH HARMONISED GUIDELINE

CLINICAL ELECTRONIC STRUCTURED HARMONISED
PROTOCOL
(CESHARP)

M11 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

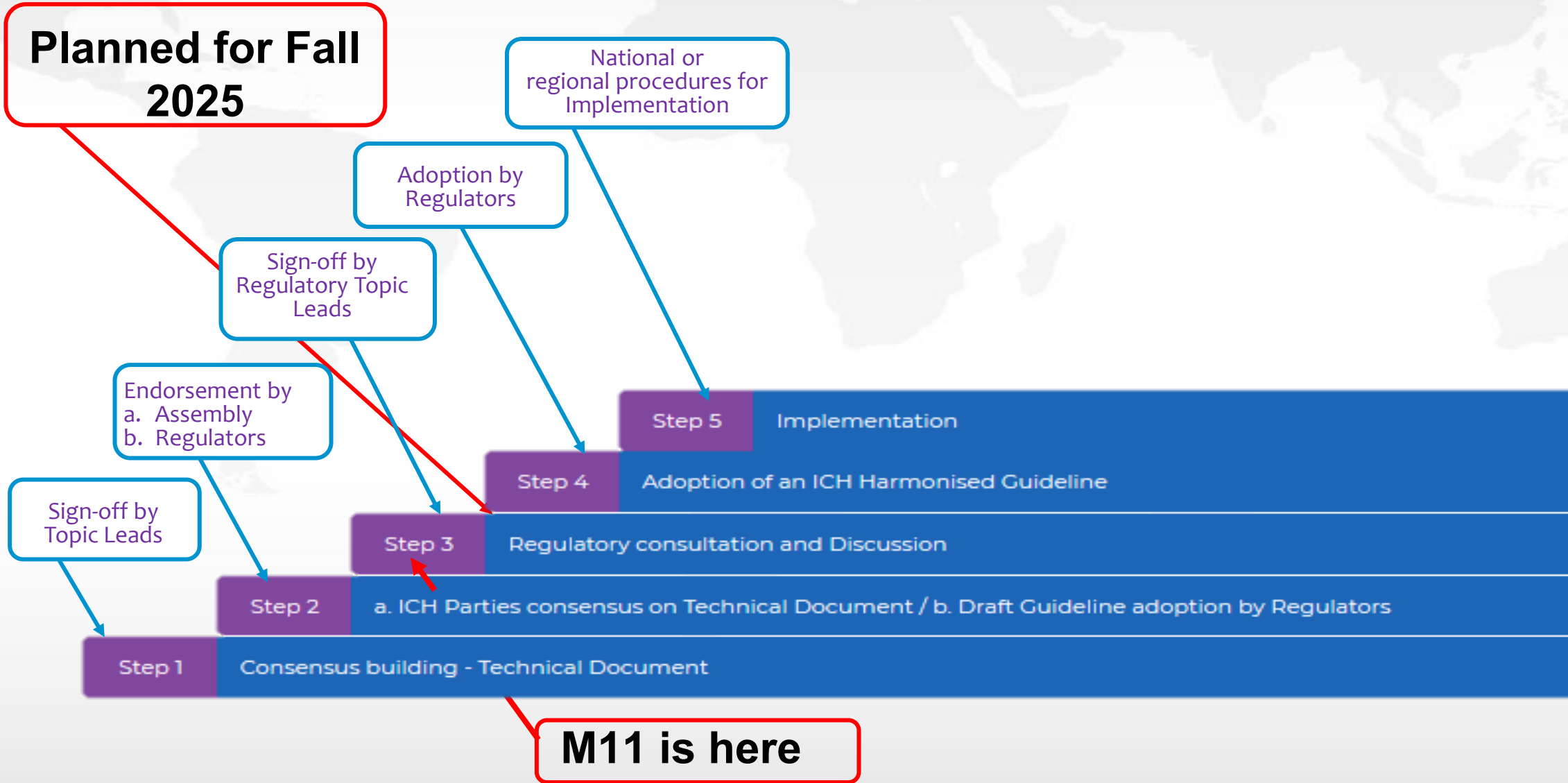
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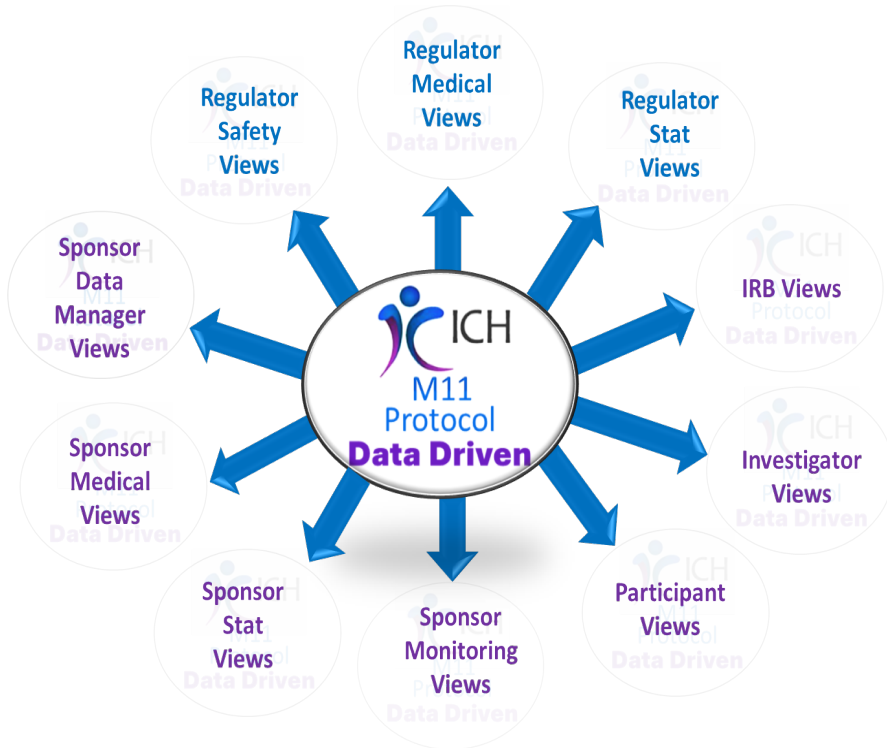
ICH M11: Three deliverables...

- **Guideline is a high-level document that:**
 - Provides the background on why a harmonized clinical protocol template is needed, and
 - Describes how the template and technical specification were developed.
- **Template**
 - Includes identification of headers, common text, instructions, data fields and terminologies.
- **Technical Specification**
 - Serves as a technical representation of the ICH M11 protocol template.
 - Aligns with the latest version of the ICH M11 guideline and template standard to enable electronic exchange of the clinical protocol information.
 - The tech spec does not deliver an implementation guide...that's for later

M11 & the ICH Step Process

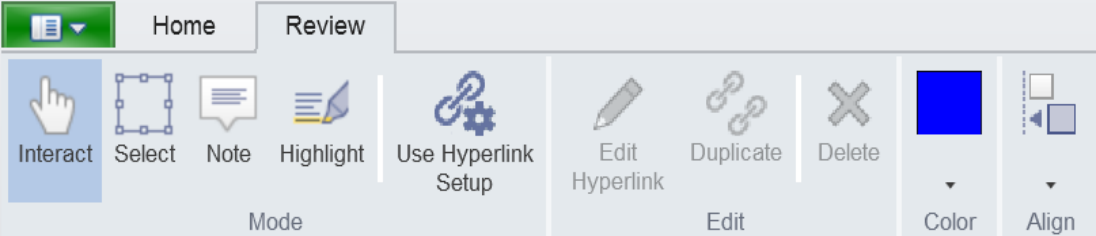


Imagine the Future State...



...where the Protocol is driven by a common data model that enables limitless personalized views of the protocol.

...But now all we have is this



Source is ClinTrials.gov: [Clintrials.gov Migraine Protocol](https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/study/NCT04111111)

Outline

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BHV3500-301 Clinical Protocol, Version 4.0 *Confidential*
Phase III double-blind efficacy study
zavegepant Page 1 of 78

DRUG: Zavegepant (BHV-3500)

STUDY NUMBER(S): BHV3500-301

PROTOCOL TITLE: BHV3500-301: Phase 3: Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo Controlled, Safety and Efficacy Trial of BHV-3500 (zavegepant) Intranasal (IN) for the Acute Treatment of Migraine

IND NUMBER: 134,120

SPONSOR:

ORIGINAL PROTOCOL DATE: 03-Feb-2020

VERSION NUMBER: v 4.0

VERSION DATE: 02-Jun-2021

We use tools that load a PDF of the protocol into a submission review tool.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY OF CHANGES2
 BHV3500-3014
 PHASE 3: DOUBLE-BLIND, RANDOMIZED, PLACEBO CONTROLLED, SAFETY AND EFFICACY TRIAL OF BHV-3500 (ZAVEGEPANT) INTRANASAL (IN) FOR THE ACUTE TREATMENT OF MIGRAINE4
 CONFIDENTIALITY AND INVESTIGATOR STATEMENT4
 STUDY SUMMARY (SYNOPSIS)5
 STUDY SCHEMATIC9
 TABLE OF CONTENTS10
 LIST OF TABLES13
 LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS14
 1 INTRODUCTION AND RATIONALE17
 1.1 Therapeutic Area Background17
 1.2 Product Development Background17
 1.2.1 Non-Clinical Pharmacology18
 1.2.1.1 Non-Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Pharmacodynamics and Toxicology18
 1.2.2 Summary of Clinical Experience18
 1.2.2.1 Single Ascending Dose (SAD) BHV3500-10118
 1.2.2.2 Multiple Ascending Dose Study (MAD) BHV3500-10218
 1.2.2.3 Phase 2/3 Dose Ranging Study (BHV3500-201)19
 1.3 Study Rationale19
 1.3.1 Study Design Rationale19
 1.3.2 Dose Selection Rationale20
 1.3.3 Other Rationale Related to the Compound / Study20
 1.3.4 Research Hypothesis20
 2 STUDY OBJECTIVES21
 2.1 Primary Objectives21
 2.2 Secondary Objectives21
 2.3 Exploratory Objectives22
 3 STUDY ENDPOINTS23
 3.1 Primary Endpoints23
 3.2 Secondary Endpoints23
 3.3 Exploratory Endpoint(s) (if applicable)25
 3.4 Measures of Interest25
 4 STUDY PLAN26
 4.1 Study Design and Duration26
 4.2 Study Schematic26
 4.3 Schedule of Assessments27
 4.3.1 Screening Phase (3-28 days)32
 4.3.2 Randomization Phase / Treatment Phase (45 days)32
 4.3.2.1 eCOA Handheld Device Data Collection33

Or we review the protocol with a PDF reader.

STUDY SUMMARY (SYNOPSIS)

Title:	BHV3500-301: Phase 3: Double-Blind, Randomized, Placebo Controlled, Safety and Efficacy Trial of BHV-3500 (zavegepant) Intranasal (IN) for the Acute Treatment of Migraine
Rationale:	<p>Zavegepant is being developed for the acute treatment of migraine. Effectiveness against migraine was demonstrated in BHV3500-201, a fully powered, pivotal, Phase 2/3, double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, dose-ranging study of zavegepant 5 mg, 10 mg, and 20 mg via intranasal (IN) administration.</p> <p>The data from this study will allow characterization of the relative safety and efficacy of IN zavegepant versus placebo in the acute treatment of moderate or severe migraine measuring freedom from pain and freedom from most bothersome symptom (nausea, photophobia or phonophobia) as reported just prior to treatment of the migraine. Information regarding time to onset of action, the duration of action, and the sustainability of pain freedom in subjects with migraine will also be obtained.</p>
Target Population:	The study will recruit male and female subjects 18 years of age and older with at least a 1-year history of migraine (with or without aura), consistent with a diagnosis according to the International Classification of Headache Disorders 3 rd edition ¹ , including an age of onset prior to 50, migraine attacks that last about 4-72 hours, not more than 8 attacks of moderate or severe intensity per month within the last 3 months and not less than 2 attacks per month.
Number of Subjects:	Approximately 1,750 subjects will be screened to randomize approximately 1,400 subjects (approximately 700 per treatment group). Subjects will be randomized in a 1:1 ratio to the zavegepant or placebo treatment groups. Randomization will be stratified by prophylactic migraine medication use (yes or no).
Primary Objective:	To compare the efficacy of zavegepant with placebo in the acute treatment of migraine, as measured by co-primary endpoints of pain freedom at 2 hours postdose, and freedom from the most bothersome symptom (MBS) associated with migraine at 2 hours postdose.
Secondary Objectives:	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To compare zavegepant with placebo for pain relief at 2 hours postdose.2. To compare zavegepant with placebo for return to normal function at 2 hours postdose according to the Functional Disability scale.

Page by page,
hyperlinking
back and forth

CDISC and M11 Curated Common Terminology enables the Data Driven Clinical Protocol



**M11 will break the
clinical protocol “document-centric” paradigm**

CDISC and M11 Curated Common Terminology enables the Data Driven Clinical Protocol



Possible “Overall Protocol Views”

Term (Variable)	1.1 Protocol Synopsis	Section 1.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	H	
Definition	Header	
User Guidance	The No t	
Conformance	Req	
Cardinality		
Relationship content from ToC representing the protocol hierarchy	Prot	
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)		
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Business rules	Val Rel Con	
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Term (Variable)	Trial Schema	Section 1.0
Data Type	Image	
Topic, Value or Header	D	
Definition	Visua featu parti scree rand	
User Guidance	Key v the t Activ subje rand are p to lat	
Conformance		
Cardinality		
Relationship content from ToC representing the protocol hierarchy		
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)		
Value		
Business rules		
Duplicate field in other sections		

Term (Variable)	Study Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands	Section 3.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	H	
Definition	Heading	
User Guidance	In this section, precisely define each clinical question of interest by stating each study objective and specifying the endpoint(s) and estimand(s) that correspond to each study objective. Ensure alignment with every other section of the protocol. Include additional level 2 headers under Section 3 Study Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands as needed.	
Conformance	Required / Required	
Cardinality		
Relationship content from ToC representing the protocol hierarchy	Study Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands	
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)		
Value	Study Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands	
Business rules	Value Allowed: Yes Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a	
Duplicate field in other sections		

Term (Variable)	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy	Section 6.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	H	
Definition	Heading	
User Guidance	In this section, describe the study intervention being tested and any control product being used. If multiple study interventions are to be evaluated, Section 6.1, Description of Study Intervention, Section 6.3, Dosing and Administration, and Section 6.5, Preparation, Handling, Storage, and Accountability should differentiate between each product.	
Conformance	Required / Required	
Cardinality		
Relationship content from ToC representing the protocol hierarchy	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy	
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)		
Value	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy	
Business rules	Value Allowed: Yes Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a	
Duplicate field in other sections		

PHASE 3: DOUBLE-BLIND, RANDOMIZED, PLACEBO CONTROLLED, SAFETY AND EFFICACY TRIAL OF BHV-3500 (ZAVEGEPANT) INTRANASAL (IN) FOR THE ACUTE TREATMENT OF MIGRAINE

- GSRs
- LORENZ
- CDEROne
- Connect

- My Views
- Overview
- Safety
- Statistical

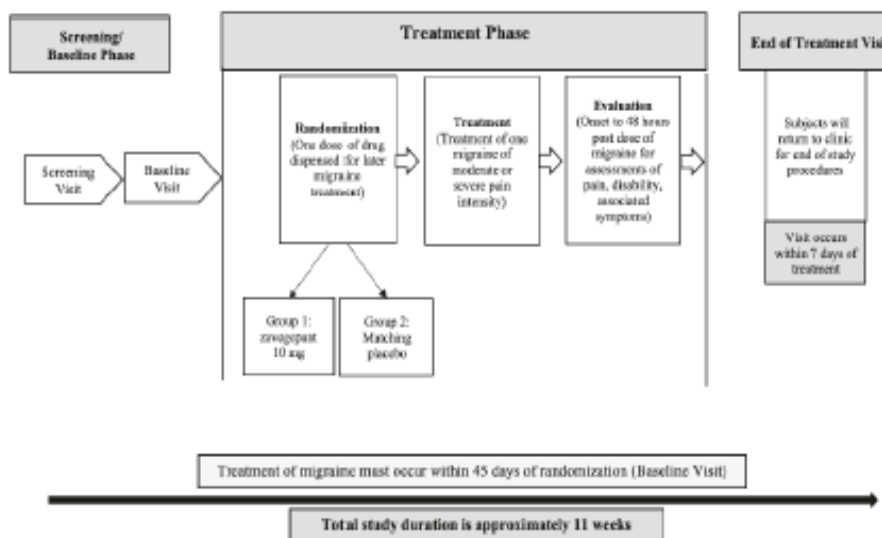
- My Tasks
- Notes
- Discussion
- ZAVEGEPANT IND

Overall Design

Intervention Model:	[Parallel]	Population Type:	[Adult Participants]
Control Type:	[Placebo]	Population Diagnosis or Condition:	[Migraine]
Control Description:	[NA]	Population Age:	Minimum: 18 years Maximum: 80 years
Intervention Assignment Method:	[Stratified Randomization]	Site Distribution and Geographic Scope:	[Multicentre] [Multiple Countries]
Adaptive Trial Design:	[No]	Master Protocol Design:	[No]
Drug/Device Combination Product Indicator:	[No]		

Number of Arms	[2]
Trial Blind Schema	[Triple]
Blinded Roles	[Participant] [Investigator] [Care Provider]
Number of Participants	[1400] / [1750]
Duration	[45] [days]
Independent Committee	[No]

Trial Schema



Trial Objectives and Associated Estimands

Estimand Characteristic	Description
Population	<The study will recruit male and female subjects 18 years of age and older with at least a 1-year history of migraine (with or without aura), consistent with a diagnosis according to the International Classification of Headache Disorders 3rd edition1, including an age of onset prior to 50, migraine attacks that last about 4-72 hours, not more than 8 attacks of moderate or severe intensity per month within the last 3 months and not less than 2 attacks per month. >
Treatment	<zavegepant 10 mg via intranasal (IN) administration>
Endpoint	< Pain freedom at 2 hours postdose will be assessed using the percentage of subjects with a pain intensity of none at 2 hours postdose. Pain intensity will be measured on a 4-point numeric rating scale (0=none, 1=mild, 2=moderate, 3=severe). >
Population-Level Summary	< Treatments compared using a Cochran-Mantel Haenszel test to estimate the difference in percentages of subjects achieving the endpoint response criteria (zavegepant-placebo) stratified by prophylactic migraine medication use at randomization (yes or no)>
Intercurrent Event	(Strategy)
Rescue Medication	<(The intercurrent event of rescue medication use will be handled using Rescue Medication = Failure (RM=F), i.e., subjects who take rescue medication will be classified as failures for all efficacy assessments that are reported at or after taking rescue medication. The RM=F method will apply to all endpoints listed below, except the secondary endpoint of rescue medication use within 24 hours postdose)>

Overview of Trial Interventions

Arm Name	Arm Type	Intervention Name	Intervention Type	Dose Form	Unit Dose Strength	Dosage Level	Route of Administration	Regimen Treatment Period
Experimental	[Active]	[Zavegepant]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]
Placebo Comparator	[Placebo]	[Placebo]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]

CDISC and M11 Curated Common Terminology will Enable the Data Driven Clinical Protocol



Possible "Safety Views"

Term (Variable)	1.1 Protocol Synopsis	Section 1.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	H	
Definition	Header	
User Guidance	The protocol synopsis is a short summary of the key points of the trial.	

Conformance	Conformance	Section 1.0
Cardinality	Cardinality	
Relationship from ToC, representing protocol hierarchy	Relationship from ToC, representing protocol hierarchy	
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	
Value	Value	

Term (Variable)	Trial Schema	Section 1.0
Data Type	Image	
Topic, Value or Header	D	
Definition	Visual depiction of the trial design, orienting users of the protocol to the key features of the study design, including the sequence of events, the flow of participants through the protocol, and the timing of key events such as screening, washout/run-in, randomization, crossover, and follow-up.	
User Guidance	Key visits may also be included in the trial and should correspond to the trial design. Reviewers will also be interested in the number of subjects per treatment group, the number of subjects randomized to treatment groups, and how these are presented with time points to landscape orientation, if applicable.	

Term (Variable)	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy	Section 6.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	H	
Definition	Heading	
User Guidance	In this section, describe the study intervention being tested and the concomitant therapy being used. If multiple study interventions are to be used, describe each in Section 6.1, Description of Study Intervention, Section 6.3, Dosing, and Section 6.5, Preparation, Handling, Storage, and Accountability. Differentiate between each product.	

Conformance	Required / Required
Cardinality	Cardinality
Relationship content from ToC, representing the protocol hierarchy	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)
Value	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy
Business rules	Value Allowed: Yes Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a
Duplicate field in other sections	Duplicate field in other sections

Term (Variable)	Adverse Events of Special Interest	Section 8.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	D	
Definition	Definition	
User Guidance	Include this section, if applicable. Specify any Adverse Events of Special Interest (AESI) that are not covered by the definition of an Adverse Event (AE) and regulatory agencies (studies). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Other reportable events such as cardiovascular abnormalities, laboratory abnormalities, and other events that are not covered by the definition of an AE. Include the following for each event: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The definition of the event. If it is a measure of safety. If it is a clinical event, specify the event. 	

Conformance	Required / Required
Cardinality	Cardinality
Relationship content from ToC, representing the protocol hierarchy	Study Assessment and Procedures
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)
Value	Value
Business rules	Value Allowed: n/a Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a
Duplicate field in other sections	Duplicate field in other sections

Term (Variable)	Safety Assessments and Procedures	Section 8.0
Data Type	Text	
Topic, Value or Header	H	
Definition	Definition	
User Guidance	This section describes safety assessments and procedures in this section. Level 3 headings can be added as needed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify any non-investigator party responsible for evaluation of laboratory or other safety assessments (for example, Sponsor or external Independent Data Monitoring Committee). Include guidelines for the management of relevant laboratory or other safety assessment abnormalities. 	

Conformance	Optional
Cardinality	Cardinality
Relationship content from ToC, representing the protocol hierarchy	Adverse Events and Serious Adverse Events
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)
Value	Efficacy Assessments and Procedures
Business rules	Value Allowed: Yes Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a
Duplicate field in other sections	Duplicate field in other sections

PHASE 3: DOUBLE-BLIND, RANDOMIZED, PLACEBO CONTROLLED, SAFETY AND EFFICACY TRIAL OF BHV-3500 (ZAVEGEPANT) INTRANASAL (IN) FOR THE ACUTE TREATMENT OF MIGRAINE

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- CDEROne
- Connect

My Views

- Overview
- Safety
- Statistical

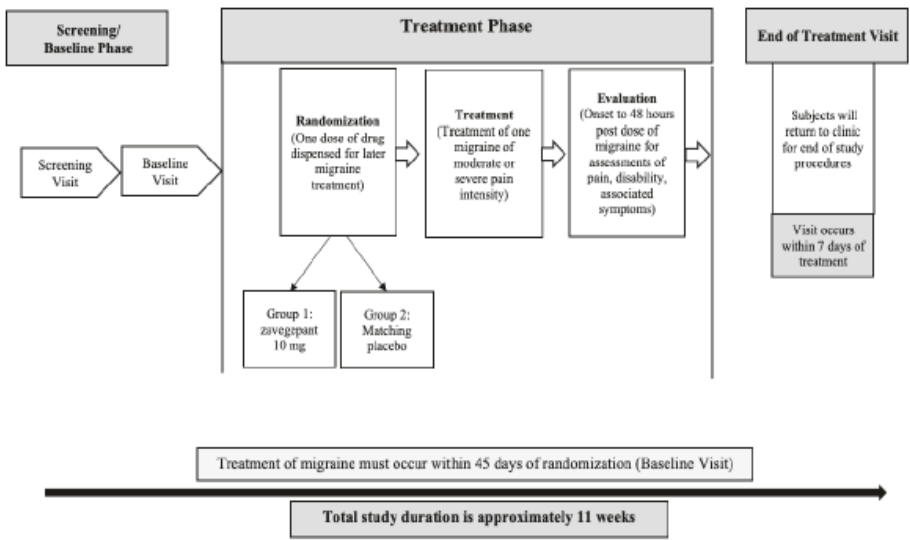
My Tasks

- Notes
- Discussion
- ZAVEGEPANT IND

Overview of Trial Interventions

Arm Name	Arm Type	Intervention Name	Intervention Type	Dose Form	Unit Dose Strength	Dosage Level	Route of Administration	Regimen Treatment Period
Experimental	[Active]	[Zavegepant]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]
Placebo Comparator	[Placebo]	[Placebo]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]

Trial Schema



Adverse Events of Special Interest

< Non-serious Adverse Events
 A **non-serious AE** is an AE not classified as serious.
 ·Collection and Reporting of Non-Serious Adverse Events

The collection of non-serious AE information should begin at the Baseline Visit through the EOT Visit.
 Non-serious AEs should be followed until conclusion or stabilization, or reported as SAEs if they become serious. Follow-up is also required for non-serious AEs that cause interruption or discontinuation of study drug or those that are present at the end of study treatment.

Laboratory Test Abnormalities
 The following laboratory test abnormalities should be captured on the non-serious AE CRF page or SAE Report Form (paper or electronic) as appropriate:

1. Any laboratory test result that is clinically significant or meets the definition of an SAE;
2. Any laboratory abnormality that required the subject to have the study drug discontinued or interrupted;
3. Any laboratory abnormality that required the subject to receive specific corrective therapy.

Safety Assessments and Procedures

Procedure	Screening Visit	Baseline Randomization Visit (Day1)	Moderate or Severe Migraine Before Study Drug Administration	Post Study Drug Administration: 15, 30, 45, 60 & 90 minutes 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 24 & 48 hours	End of Treatment Visit
Physical Examination	X				X
Nasal Inspection	X	X			X
Vital Signs / Physical Measurements	X	X			X
Adverse Event and Serious Adverse Event Assessment	X	X	X	X	X
Sheehan Suicidality Tracking Scale	X	X			
ECG	X				
Clinical Safety Laboratory Testing	X				
Liver Function Tests	X				
Lipid Panel	X				
FSH, if Applicable	X				
Pregnancy Test	X				
Urinalysis Test	X	X	X		X
Urine Drug Screen for Drugs of abuse	X				X

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Term (Variable)	1.1 Protocol Synopsis
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H
Definition	Header
User Guidance	

Section 1.0

Term (Variable)	Trial Schema
Data Type	Image
Topic, Value or Header	D
Definition	
User Guidance	

Section 1.0

Term (Variable)	Rationale for Study Intervention
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	D
Definition	
User Guidance	Provide a rationale for the selection of the dose(s) or dose range, the route of administration, and the dosing interval of the study intervention. This section should include relevant information on the selection of the dose(s) or dose range, the route of administration, and the dosing interval of the study intervention. If applicable, include a rationale for the selection of the dose(s) or dose range; for example, based on pharmacokinetic studies. If applicable, include a rationale for the selection of the route of administration; for example, based on pharmacokinetic studies.

Section 6.0

Term (Variable)	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H
Definition	Heading
User Guidance	In this section, describe the study intervention being tested and any product being used. If multiple study interventions are to be evaluated, describe each study intervention. Refer to Section 6.1, Description of Study Intervention, Section 6.3, Dosing and Administration, and Section 6.5, Preparation, Handling, Storage, and Accountability for more information. Differentiate between each product.
Conformance	Required / Required
Cardinality	
Relationship content from IqC representing the protocol hierarchy	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	
Value	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy
Business rules	Value Allowed: Yes Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a
Duplicate field in other sections	

Section 6.0

Possible "Safety Views"

Term (Variable)	Safety Assessments and Procedures
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H
Definition	
User Guidance	This section describes safety assessments and procedures in this section. Level 3 headings can be added as needed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify any non-investigator party responsible for evaluation of laboratory or other safety assessments (for example, Sponsor or external Independent Data Monitoring Committee). Include guidelines for the management of relevant laboratory or other safety assessment abnormalities.
Conformance	Optional
Cardinality	
Relationship content from IqC representing the protocol hierarchy	Adverse Events and Serious Adverse Events
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	
Value	Efficacy Assessments and Procedures
Business rules	Value Allowed: Yes Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a
Duplicate field in other sections	

Section 8.0



PHASE 3: DOUBLE-BLIND, RANDOMIZED, PLACEBO CONTROLLED, SAFETY AND EFFICACY TRIAL OF BHV-3500 (ZAVEGEPANT) INTRANASAL (IN) FOR THE ACUTE TREATMENT OF MIGRAINE

- GSRS
- LORENZ docubridge
- CDEROne
- Connect

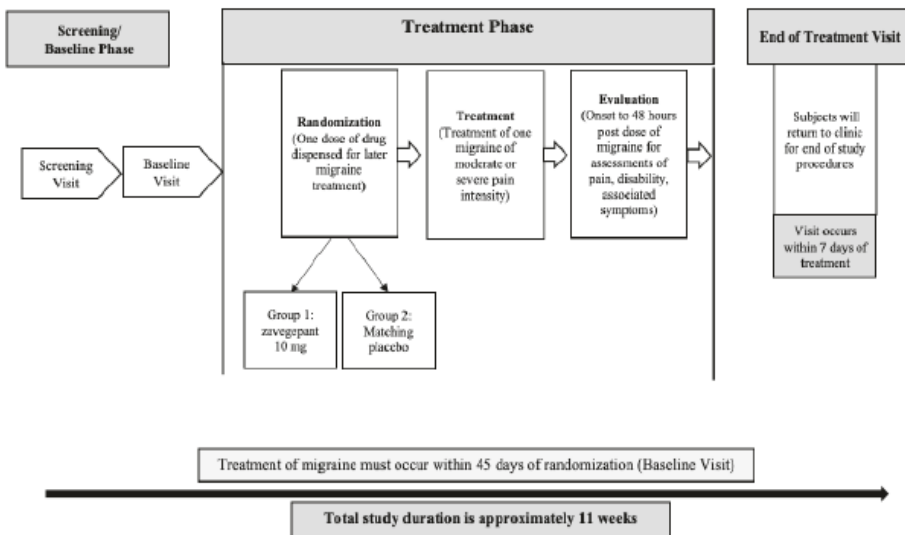
- My Views
- Overview
 - Safety
 - Statistical

- My Tasks
- Notes
 - Discussion
 - ZAVEGEPANT IND

Overview of Trial Interventions

Arm Name	Arm Type	Intervention Name	Intervention Type	Dose Form	Unit Dose Strength	Dosage Level	Route of Administration	Regimen Treatment Period
Experimental	[Active]	[Zavegepant]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]
Placebo Comparator	[Placebo]	[Placebo]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]

Trial Schema



Rationale for Investigational Trial Intervention Dose and Regime

<Safety data are now available from the pivotal Phase 2/3 dose ranging study (BHV3500-201). BHV3500-201 is a concluded, pivotal, Phase 2/3, double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled dose-ranging (5 mg, 10 mg, or 20 mg) study of zavegepant IN for the acute treatment of migraine. In this study, a total of 1,673 subjects were randomized to receive zavegepant (5 mg, 10 mg, or 20 mg) or matching placebo.

Based on topline data from this pivotal study, a durable efficacy profile for zavegepant was established. This efficacy profile, together with a favorable safety profile led to the selection of the IN zavegepant 10 mg dose as the lowest fully efficacious dose to support Phase 3 clinical studies.>

Safety Assessments and Procedures

Procedure	Screening Visit	Baseline Randomization Visit (Day1)	Moderate or Severe Migraine Before Study Drug Administration	Post Study Drug Administration: 15, 30, 45, 60 & 90 minutes 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 24 & 48 hours	End of Treatment Visit
Physical Examination	X				X
Nasal Inspection	X	X			X
Vital Signs / Physical Measurements	X	X			X
Adverse Event and Serious Adverse Event Assessment	X	X	X	X	X
Sheehan Suicidality Tracking Scale	X	X			
ECG	X				
Clinical Safety Laboratory Testing	X				
Liver Function Tests	X				
Lipid Panel	X				
FSH, if Applicable	X				
Pregnancy Test	X				
Urinalysis Test	X	X	X		X
Urine Drug Screen for Drugs of abuse	X				X

CDISC and M11 Curated Common Terminology enables the Data Driven Clinical Protocol



Possible “Stat Views”

Term (Variable)	1.1 Protocol Synopsis
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H

Section 1.0

Term (Variable)	Study Objectives, Endpoints, and Estimands
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H

Section 3.0

Term (Variable)	Study Intervention and Concomitant Therapy
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H

Section 6.0

Term (Variable)	Sample Size Determination
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	H

Section 9.0

Term (Variable)	Analysis Sets
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	D

Section 9.0

Term (Variable)	Analysis Supporting Primary Objective(s)
Data Type	Text
Topic, Value or Header	D
Definition	This section introduces the Statistical Analysis Plan, with the detail to be provided in the subsequent subsections. This includes describing the methods for defining the estimate in alignment with how the estimands are defined. Sensitivity analyses should be aligned with how the estimands and estimators are defined.
User Guidance	Analysis sets to support each analysis will be specified here and described in the Statistical Analysis Plan.
Conformance	Required/Repeated Optional/Repeated
Cardinality	
Relationship content from ToC representing the protocol hierarchy	Analysis Supporting Primary Objective(s)
Relationship (reference to high level conceptual model)	
Value	
Business rules	Value Allowed: n/a Relationship: n/a Concept: n/a
Duplicate field in other sections	

Section 9.0

PHASE 3: DOUBLE-BLIND, RANDOMIZED, PLACEBO CONTROLLED, SAFETY AND EFFICACY TRIAL OF BHV-3500 (ZAVEGEPANT) INTRANASAL (IN) FOR THE ACUTE TREATMENT OF MIGRAINE

[GSRs](#)
[LORENZ docuBridg](#)
[CDEROne](#)
[Connect](#)

[My Views](#)
[Overview](#)
[Safety](#)
[Statistical](#)

[My Tasks](#)
[Notes](#)
[Discussion](#)
[ZAVEGEPANT IND](#)

Overall Design

Intervention Model:	[Parallel]	Population Type:	[Adult Participants]
Control Type:	[Placebo]	Population Diagnosis or Condition:	[Migraine]
Control Description:	[NA]	Population Age:	Minimum: 18 years Maximum: 80 years
Intervention Assignment Method:	[Stratified Randomization]	Site Distribution and Geographic Scope:	[Multicentre] [Multiple Countries]
Adaptive Trial Design:	[No]	Master Protocol Design:	[No]

Number of Arms	[2]
Trial Blind Schema	[Triple]
Blinded Roles	[Participant] [Investigator] [Care Provider]
Number of Participants	[1400] / [1750]
Duration	[45] [days]

Overview of Trial Interventions

Arm Name	Arm Type	Intervention Name	Intervention Type	Dose Form	Unit Dose Strength	Dosage Level	Route of Administration	Regimen Treatment Period
Experimental	[Active]	[Zavegepant]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]
Placebo Comparator	[Placebo]	[Placebo]	[Drug]	[Spray]	[mg]	[10]	[Intranasal]	[45] [days]

Trial Objectives and Associated Estimands

Estimand Characteristic	Description
Population	{<The study will recruit male and female subjects 18 years of age and older with at least a 1-year history of migraine (with or without aura), consistent with a diagnosis according to the International Classification of Headache Disorders 3rd edition ¹ , including an age of onset prior to 50, migraine attacks that last about 4-72 hours, not more than 8 attacks of moderate or severe intensity per month within the last 3 months and not less than 2 attacks per month. >}
Treatment	{<zavegepant 10 mg via intranasal (IN) administration>}
Endpoint	{< Pain freedom at 2 hours postdose will be assessed using the percentage of subjects with a pain intensity of none at 2 hours postdose. Pain intensity will be measured on a 4-point numeric rating scale (0=none, 1=mild, 2=moderate, 3=severe). >}
Population-Level Summary	{< Treatments compared using a Cochran-Mantel Haenszel test to estimate the difference in percentages of subjects achieving the endpoint response criteria (zavegepant-placebo) stratified by prophylactic migraine medication use at randomization (yes or no)>}
Intercurrent Event	{<Strategy>}
Rescue Medication	{<(The intercurrent event of rescue medication use will be handled using Rescue Medication = Failure (RM=F), i.e., subjects who take rescue medication will be classified as failures for all efficacy assessments that are reported at or after taking rescue medication. The RM=F method will apply to all endpoints listed below, except the secondary endpoint of rescue medication use within 24 hours postdose)>}

Sample Size Determination

It is anticipated that about 90% of the 700 subjects randomized to each treatment group will have a headache in the allotted time period, resulting in approximately 630 subjects evaluable for efficacy in each treatment group.

The sample size calculation is based on results from the Phase 2/3 dose-ranging study BHV3500-201. A total sample size of 1,260 evaluable subjects (630 per group) will provide approximately 91% power for the co-primary endpoint of pain freedom at 2 hours post dose, approximately 88% power for the co-primary endpoint of MBS freedom at 2 hours post dose, and approximately 80% power to detect a difference between treatment groups for both endpoints jointly.

Analysis Sets

Enrolled: Subjects who sign informed consent and are assigned a subject identification number.

- Randomized:** Subjects in the enrolled analysis set who receive a randomized treatment group assignment (zavegepant or placebo) from TWRS.
- Safety:** Subjects in the enrolled analysis set who take study drug (zavegepant or placebo).
- Efficacy:** Subjects in the randomized analysis set who: (1) are randomized only once; (2) have a migraine of moderate or severe intensity at the time of dosing (3) take study drug; and (4) have post-dose efficacy data.

Analysis Associated with the Primary Objective

Zavegepant will be tested for superiority against placebo at an alpha=0.05 level for both co- primary endpoints using the efficacy analysis set. For each endpoint, treatment groups will be compared using a Cochran-Mantel Haenszel test to estimate the difference in percentages of subjects achieving the endpoint response criteria (zavegepant - placebo) stratified by prophylactic migraine medication use at randomization (yes or no). The percentage of subjects achieving the endpoint response criteria will be presented with a 95% confidence interval (CI) by treatment group.

ICH M11 and Vulcan Utilizing Digital Protocol (UDP): *A Collaboration that will result in...*



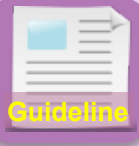
CeSHarP



Tech Spec



Template



Guideline



FHIR - Technical Guide (future)

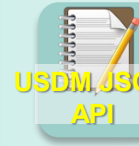
USDM and Terminology



USDM



M11/USDM Terminology



USDM JSON API



USDM Conformance Rules



USDMIG

Utilizing the Digital Protocol – UDP



Use Cases



Implementation Guide(s)



Reference Application



Connectathon

- Data driven Protocol that will be personalized to the reviewer's needs
- Standardized data model with CDISC / USDM common terms, definitions and formats
- Improved collaboration / communication among protocol stakeholders
- Facility to exchange the protocol information using multiple formats: DOCX, PDF JSON and FHIR.

Thank You

Regulator Perspective on ICH M11 Deliverables and What the Digitization Will Enable

Noemie Manent



Before the Clinical Trials Regulation

Clinical trial applications were submitted separately to regulators and ethics committees in each EU Member State and recorded in EudraCT

After the Clinical Trials Regulation

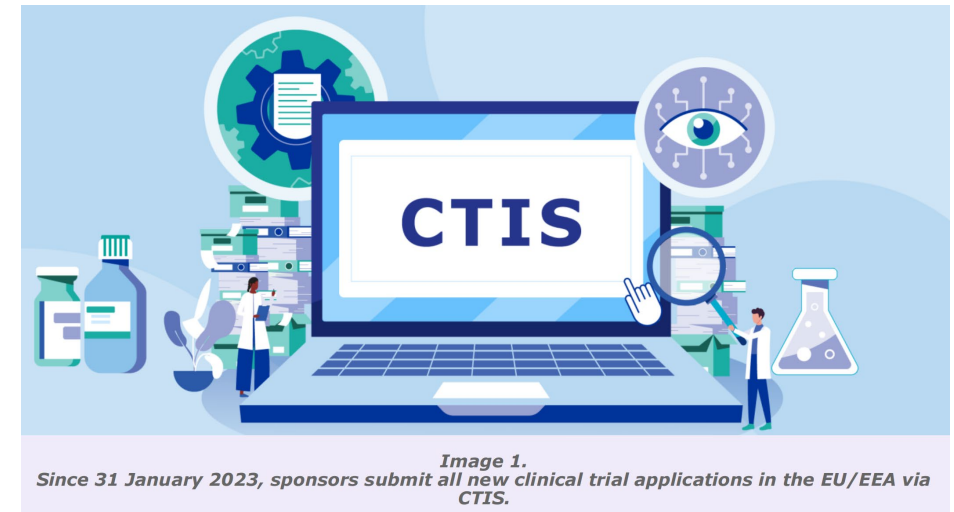
Single submission of clinical trial applications, covering regulatory and ethics submission in up to 30 EU/EEA Countries

Applies as of **31 January 2022** supported by the use of the Clinical Trials Information System (CTIS)



The benefits of the Clinical Trials Regulation (CTR)

- CTIS is the register of the **Clinical Trials Regulation**
- CTIS generates substantially **higher quality data** than EudraCT
- Opportunity to capitalise on **technological developments** in *advanced analytics* (i.e., machine learning, AI, NLP)



Where should we focus to make better use of the data we collect about clinical trials?



The Clinical Trials Regulation and ICH M11 digitization

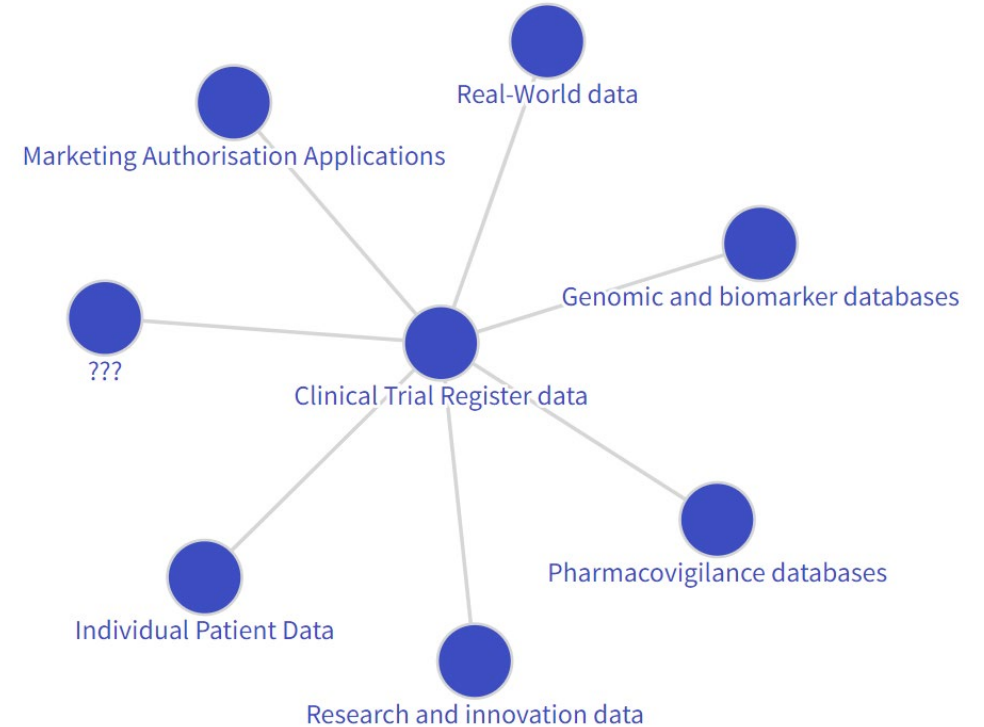
- Aligns with EU legislative framework and CTR protocol requirements
- Enhances efficiency under CTR with more structured data
- Improves review and reporting through robust methodologies
- Achieves global consistency with a common Table of Content
- Utilises data to advance drug development and guide policy making





Registers and clinical trials

- *Data about clinical trials* are held in CT registers and contain summary-level information on clinical trials
- *Data from clinical trials* are Individual Patient Data and are not kept in the registers
- CT register data is centrally positioned and play a bridging role, facilitating the link between data sources





Harnessing clinical trial data for enhanced drug development and policy making

- **Potential:** Clinical trial data is crucial for developing products, shaping policies, and benefiting patients.
- **Objective:** Aim to utilise more data to make drug development more efficient and patient-centered, aiding policy decisions.
- **Resources:** EU regulatory network possesses extensive clinical trial data through EU registers (CTIS and EudraCT).
- **Workshop focus:** Identify use cases to combine various data sources, uncovering new insights to improve EU citizens' health and well-being.



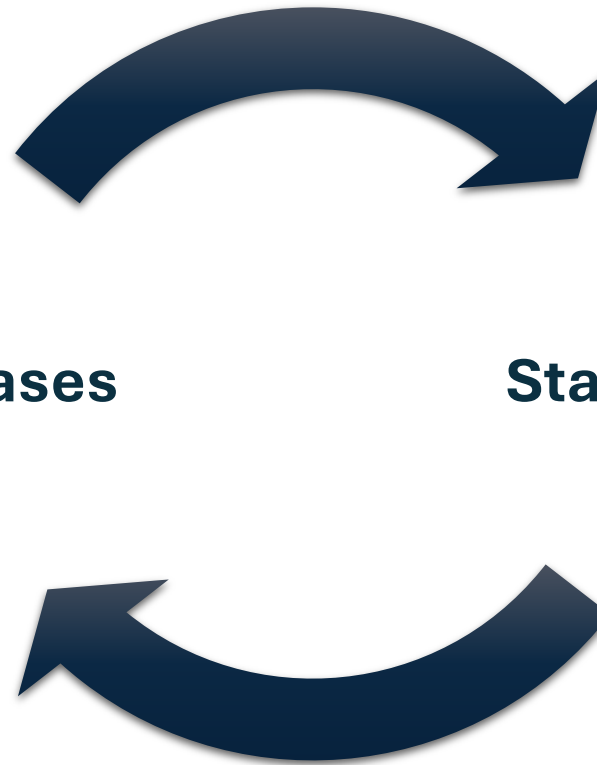
The use cases require data standardisation

- Establish requirements for structuring information

Use cases

Standards

- Enable use cases by making data more accessible





Key takeaways

- **Standardised, harmonised, and interoperable** data are foundational for advancing research methodologies, facilitating effective collaborations, and streamlining regulatory processes.
- **Access to data for patients and patient organisations** is critical for informed decision-making and effective advocacy.
- **Accurate, complete, and timely data** underpin not only the integrity of clinical trials but also the reliability of research outcomes.
- **Open analytics platforms** can optimise research processes, support strategic prioritisation, and guide efficient resource allocation across the research ecosystem.
- **Integrating data** about clinical trials with a variety of other data sources, including real-world data, can optimise trial designs and address challenges in accessibility and inclusivity.



Acknowledgements

- Nick Halsey
- Mumtaz Sultani
- Panagiotis Telonis
- Frank Petavy
- Theo Framke
- IJsbrand den Rooijen
- Ana Zanoletty

Overview of the Digital Data Flow Project and the Collaboration with M11 and UDP

Chris Decker

CDISC AGENDA TOPICS

- **Introduction to Digital Data Flow (DDF) and Unified Study Definition Model (USDM)**
- **CDISC/ICH M11 Partnership**
- **How does USDM, M11, and UDP Come Together**

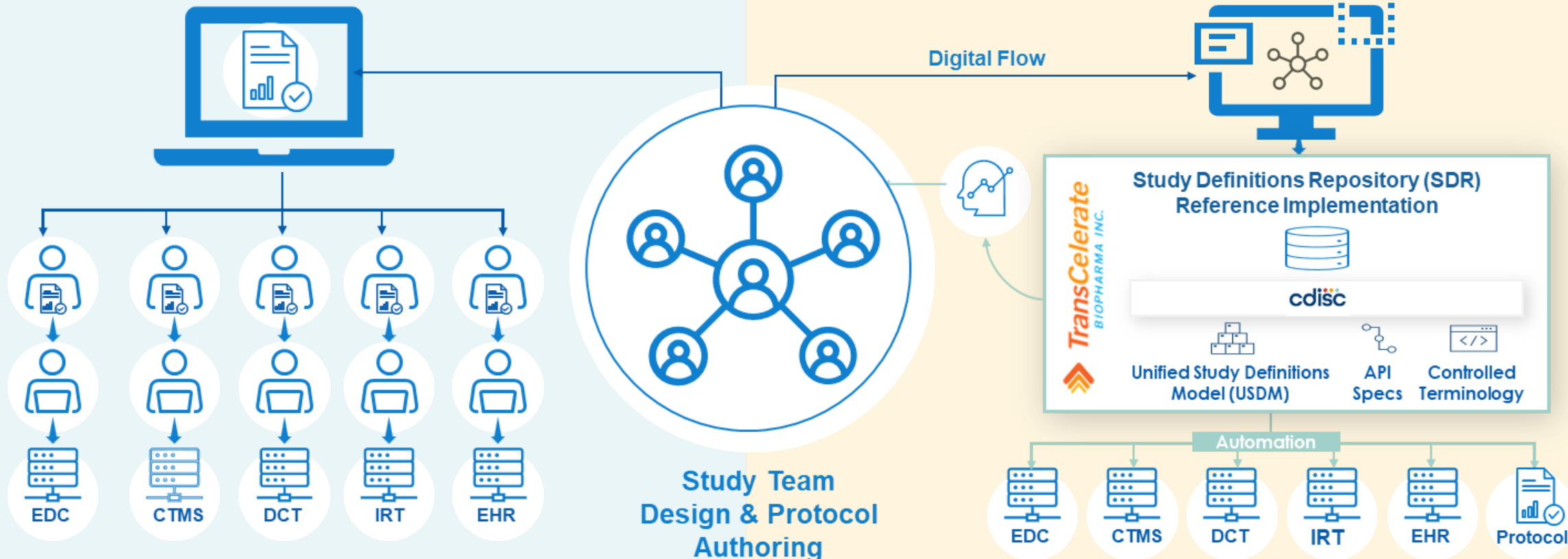
TransCelerate Digital Data Flow (DDF) Ambition

Write Once, Read Many

<https://www.transceleratebiopharmainc.com/assets/digital-data-flow-solutions/>

TODAY: Document-based paradigm for protocol creation, interpretation, and transcription into consuming systems

TOMORROW: Digital paradigm for protocol creation, with fully automated data flow and interoperability between systems



DDF Initiative encompasses technical delivery, change management, and industry engagement



cdisc
 Unified Study
 Definitions Model
 (USDM) Reference
 Architecture

TransCelerate's
 Study Definitions
 Repository (SDR)

Study ID	Study Name	Study Type	Study Phase	Study Status	Study Start Date	Study End Date	Study Location	Study Sponsor
101	Study 101	Phase I	Phase I	Active	2023-01-01	2023-12-31	USA	TransCelerate
102	Study 102	Phase II	Phase II	Completed	2022-01-01	2022-12-31	USA	TransCelerate
103	Study 103	Phase III	Phase III	Completed	2021-01-01	2021-12-31	USA	TransCelerate



Suite of DDF Adoption
 Resources, Videos &
 Change Management Tools



Continued Industry Collaboration
 between TransCelerate, CDISC
 ICH, and HL7



Growing Solution
 Collaboration Forum (SCF)*



**Company logos illustrate current involvement and are not used to imply endorsement of specific vendors for DDF or to identify a comprehensive list of all actual or potential future participants in DDF.*

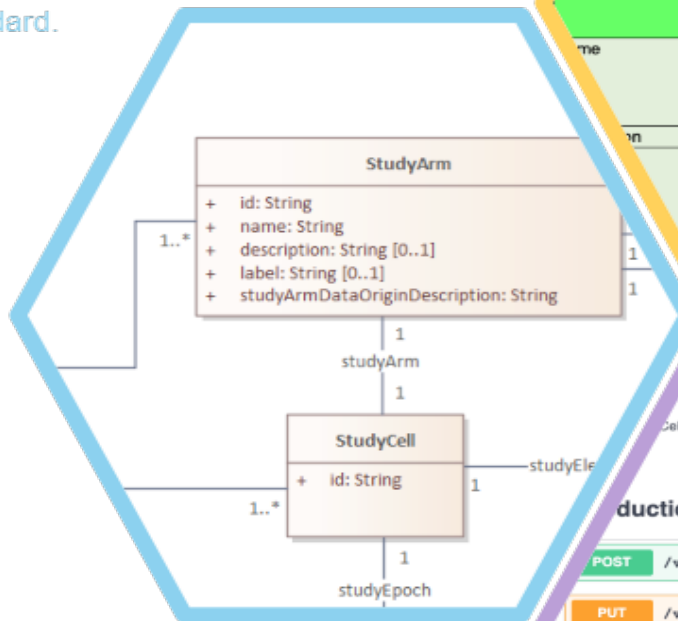
CDISC Controlled Terminology

Provides further semantics, complementing the UML model. Includes the definition of classes and attributes along with the definition of value sets

	C174447	Study Arm
	C170984	Study Arm Name
	C93728	Study Arm Description
	C188827	Study Arm Type
	C188828	Study Arm Data Origin Description
	C188829	Study Arm Data Origin Type
	CNEW	Study Arm Label
	C71738	Study Epoch
	C93825	Study Epoch Name
	C93824	Study Epoch Description
	C188830	Study Epoch Type
	CNEW	Study Epoch Label

Logical Model

The UML logical model (a class diagram) that provides the basis for the USDM standard.



API Specification

Provides the means to exchange a single study between machines using a JSON API

API for DDF

2.4 Provisional (0.39)

Accelerate Digital Data Flow (DDF) Study Definitions Repository API.

Introduction Routes that form the production specification.

POST	/v3/studyDefinitions	Create a study
PUT	/v3/studyDefinitions/{studyId}	Update a study
GET	/v3/studyDefinitions/{studyId}	Return a study
GET	/v3/studyDefinitions/{studyId}/history	Returns the study history
GET	/v3/studyDesigns	Study designs for a study

Unified Study Definitions Model Implementation Guide (USDM-IG)

Version 2.0 (Draft for Internal Review)

Prepared by the DDF Team

Notes to Readers

- This is the draft version 2.0 of the Unified Study Definitions Model Implementation Guide (USDM-IG v2.0). It is intended for internal review only and is not a final version.

History

Version	Notes
2.0 Draft for Internal Review	

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Implementation Guide

Guidance on using the USDM model and ensuring conformance with the standard

```

studyArms: [
  {
    "id": "StudyArm_1",
    "name": "Placebo",
    "label": "",
    "description": "Placebo",
    "type": {
      "id": "Code_61",
      "code": "C174268",
      "codeSystem": "http://www.cdisc.org",
      "codeSystemVersion": "2022-12-16",
      "decode": "Placebo Comparator Arm"
    },
    "studyArmDataOriginDescription": "Data collected from external source",
    "dataOriginType": {
      "id": "Code_62",
      "code": "C188866",
      "codeSystem": "http://www.cdisc.org",
      "codeSystemVersion": "2022-12-16",
      "decode": "Data Generated Within Study"
    }
  },
  {
    "id": "StudyArm_2",
    "name": "Xanomeline Low Dose",
    "label": "",
    "description": "Active Substance",
    "type": {
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      "code": "C174267",
      "codeSystem": "http://www.cdisc.org",
      "codeSystemVersion": "2022-12-16",
      "decode": "Active Comparator"
    }
  }
]
    
```

Examples

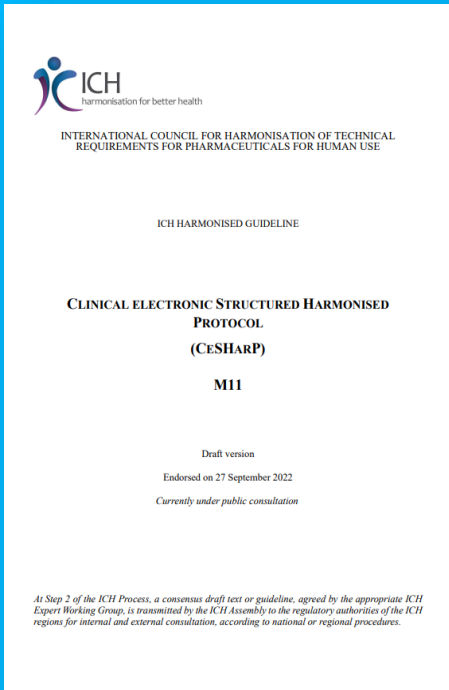
Example protocols implemented in the USDM with associated JSON files and visualisations

CDISC/ICH M11 Partnership

ICH M11

Clinical electronic Structured Harmonised Protocol

Guideline



ICH
harmonisation for better health

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH HARMONISED GUIDELINE

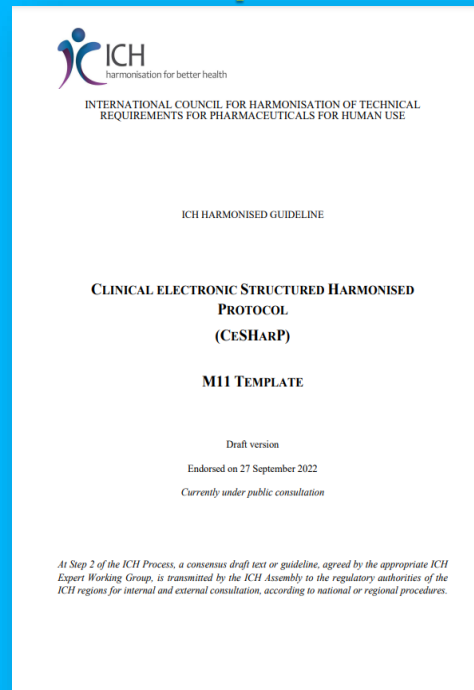
CLINICAL ELECTRONIC STRUCTURED HARMONISED
PROTOCOL
(CESHARP)

M11

Draft version
Endorsed on 27 September 2022
Currently under public consultation

At Step 2 of the ICH Process, a consensus draft text or guideline, agreed by the appropriate ICH Expert Working Group, is transmitted by the ICH Assembly to the regulatory authorities of the ICH regions for internal and external consultation, according to national or regional procedures.

Template



ICH
harmonisation for better health

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH HARMONISED GUIDELINE

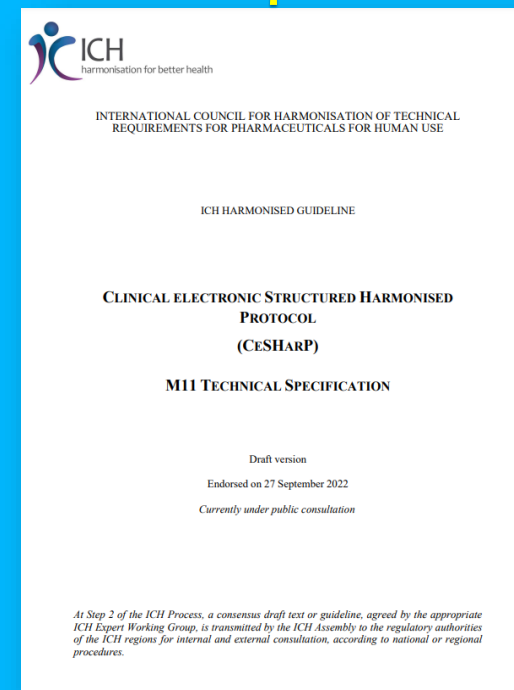
CLINICAL ELECTRONIC STRUCTURED HARMONISED
PROTOCOL
(CESHARP)

M11 TEMPLATE

Draft version
Endorsed on 27 September 2022
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Technical Specification



ICH
harmonisation for better health

INTERNATIONAL COUNCIL FOR HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL
REQUIREMENTS FOR PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH HARMONISED GUIDELINE

CLINICAL ELECTRONIC STRUCTURED HARMONISED
PROTOCOL
(CESHARP)

M11 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Draft version
Endorsed on 27 September 2022
Currently under public consultation

At Step 2 of the ICH Process, a consensus draft text or guideline, agreed by the appropriate ICH Expert Working Group, is transmitted by the ICH Assembly to the regulatory authorities of the ICH regions for internal and external consultation, according to national or regional procedures.

ICH and CDISC MOU (Memorandum of Understanding)

As a collaboration between ICH and CDISC, the goals of the agreement are to:

- Use a unified governance process and terminology services for the long-term support of ICH controlled terminologies
- Curate and maintain ICH controlled terminologies
- Follow a robust process for the public review and publication of ICH terminologies
- Ensure the terminologies are freely available to the public following public review

Scope

For ICH members to adopt and implement a clinical information standard it is critical that all terminology components, including but not limited to definitions described in the technical specification, are part of a greater international controlled terminology resource managed by an internationally recognized standards development organization (SDO). CDISC has been identified by ICH as a reputable SDO with the qualifications and capabilities to support the maintenance and facilitation of the governance process for ICH controlled terminology.

This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) sets forth the roles and responsibilities of each party as they relate to the governance of the ICH terms and definitions developed in collaboration with CDISC. This MOU is intended to describe the goals, the high-level governance process, and how each party will collaborate. Specific projects (e.g., M11 controlled terminology) will be defined in detail as part of an annex to this MOU mutually agreed upon by CDISC and ICH.

Goals

As a collaboration between ICH and CDISC, the goals of the agreement are to:

1. Use a unified governance process and terminology services for the long-term support of ICH controlled terminologies.
2. Curate and maintain ICH controlled terminologies.
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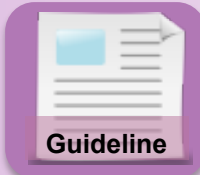


How does USDM, M11, and UDP Come Together

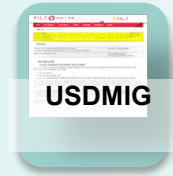
ICH M11 and Vulcan Utilizing Digital Protocol (UDP)



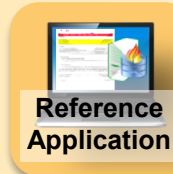
CeSHarP



USDM and Terminology



Utilizing the Digital Protocol – UDP



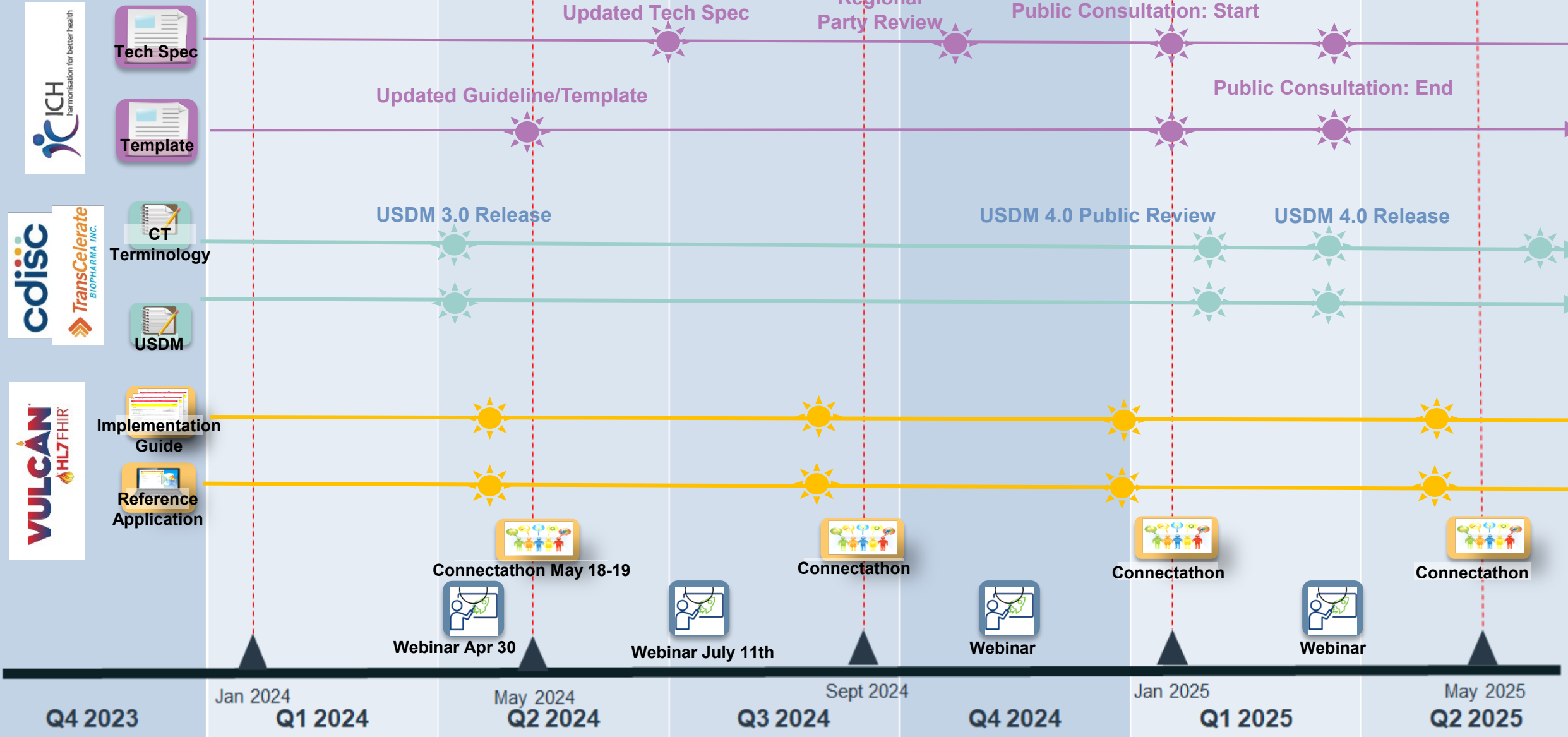
Inputs:

- ICH M11 template
- ICH M11 technical specification
- Models, definitions

FHIR will carry CDISC CT and USDM content

The technical specification can be used to develop other Implementation Guides

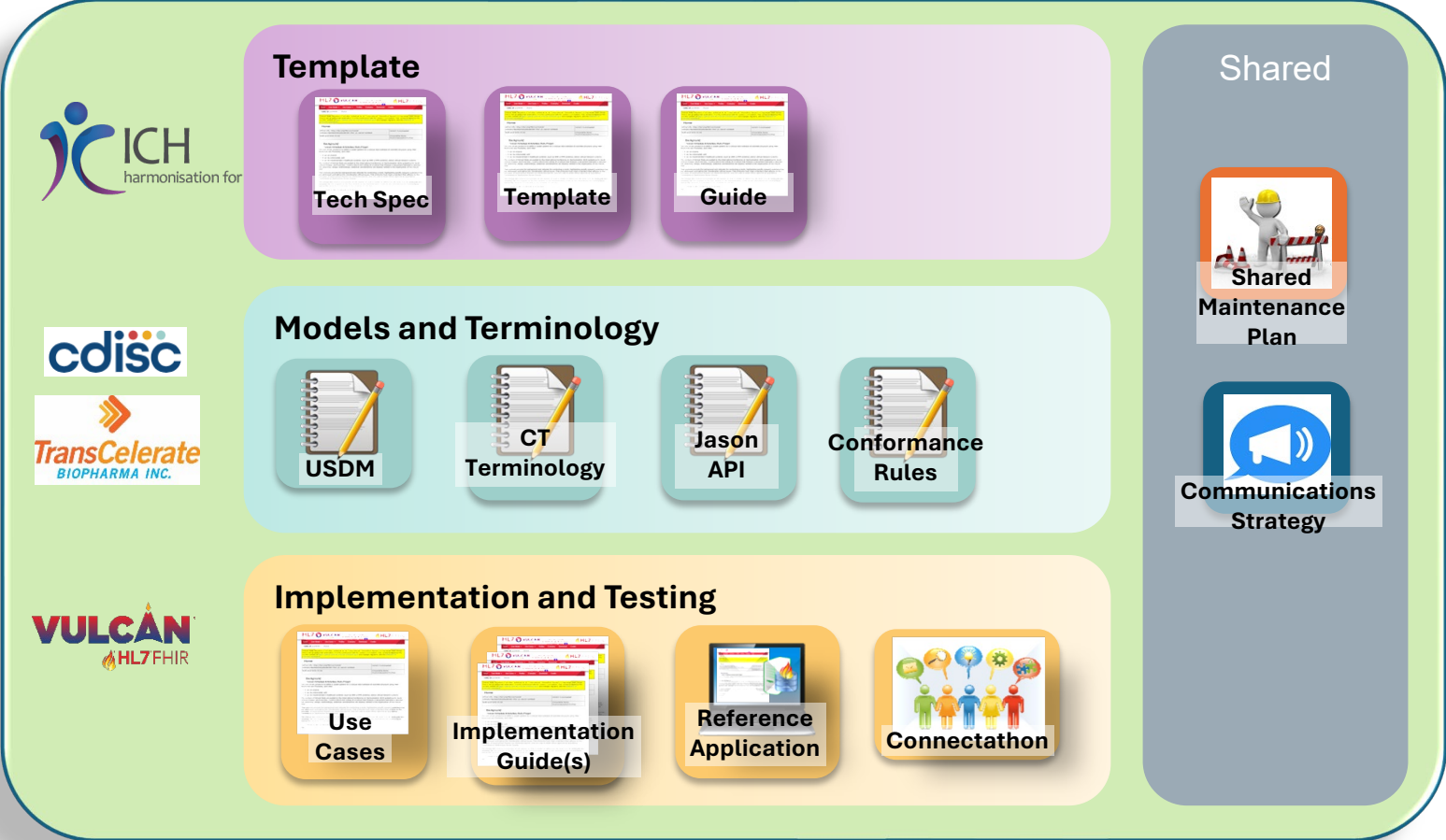
Timelines



UDP Project Overview

Hugh Glover

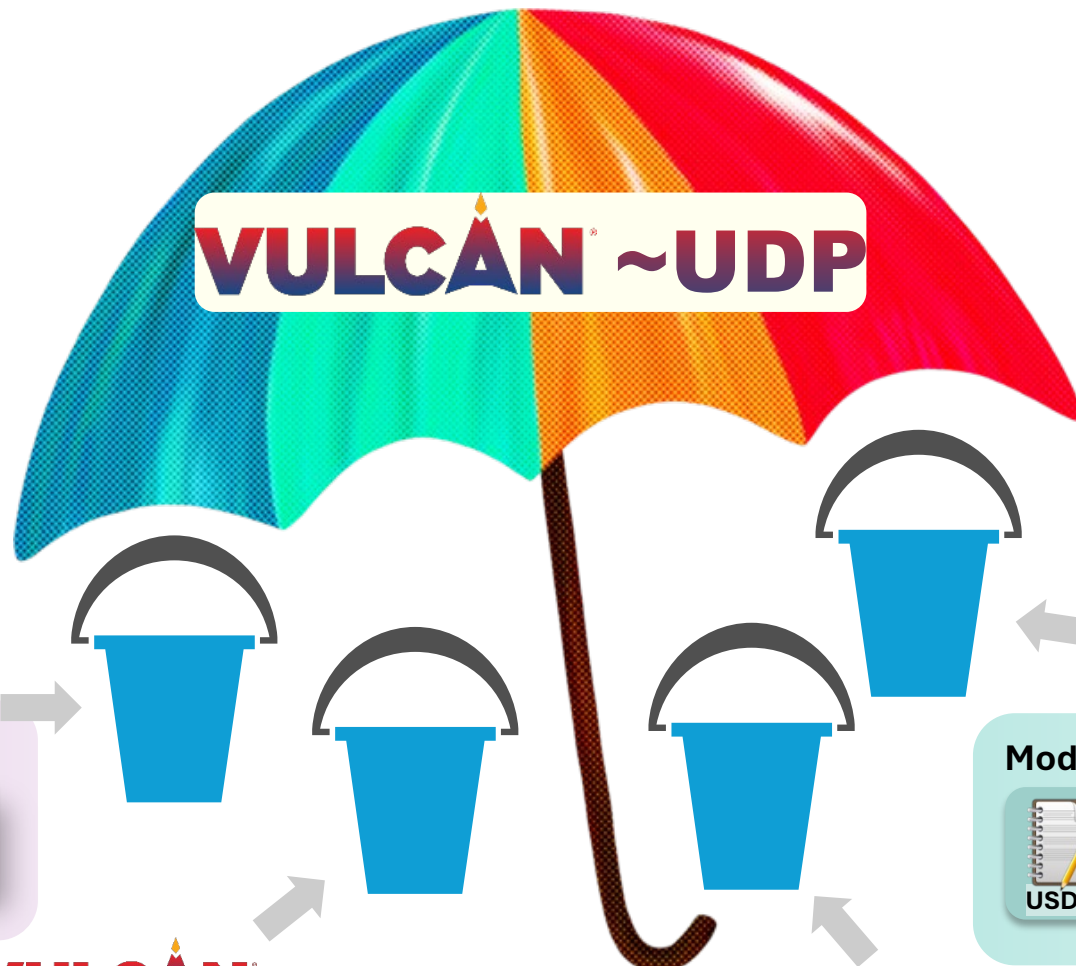
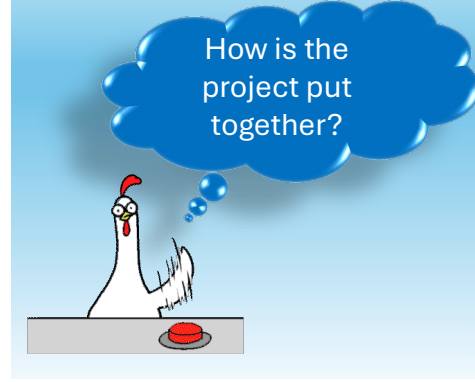
UDP is an Umbrella Project with many Use Cases



UDP is an Umbrella Project with many Use Cases

Each bucket contains one or more Use Cases

The ICH starting point is Sponsor to Regulator



ICH
harmonisation for better health

Template

- Tech Spec
- Template
- Guide

cdisc

Models and Terminology

- USDM
- CT Terminology
- Jason API
- Conformance Rules

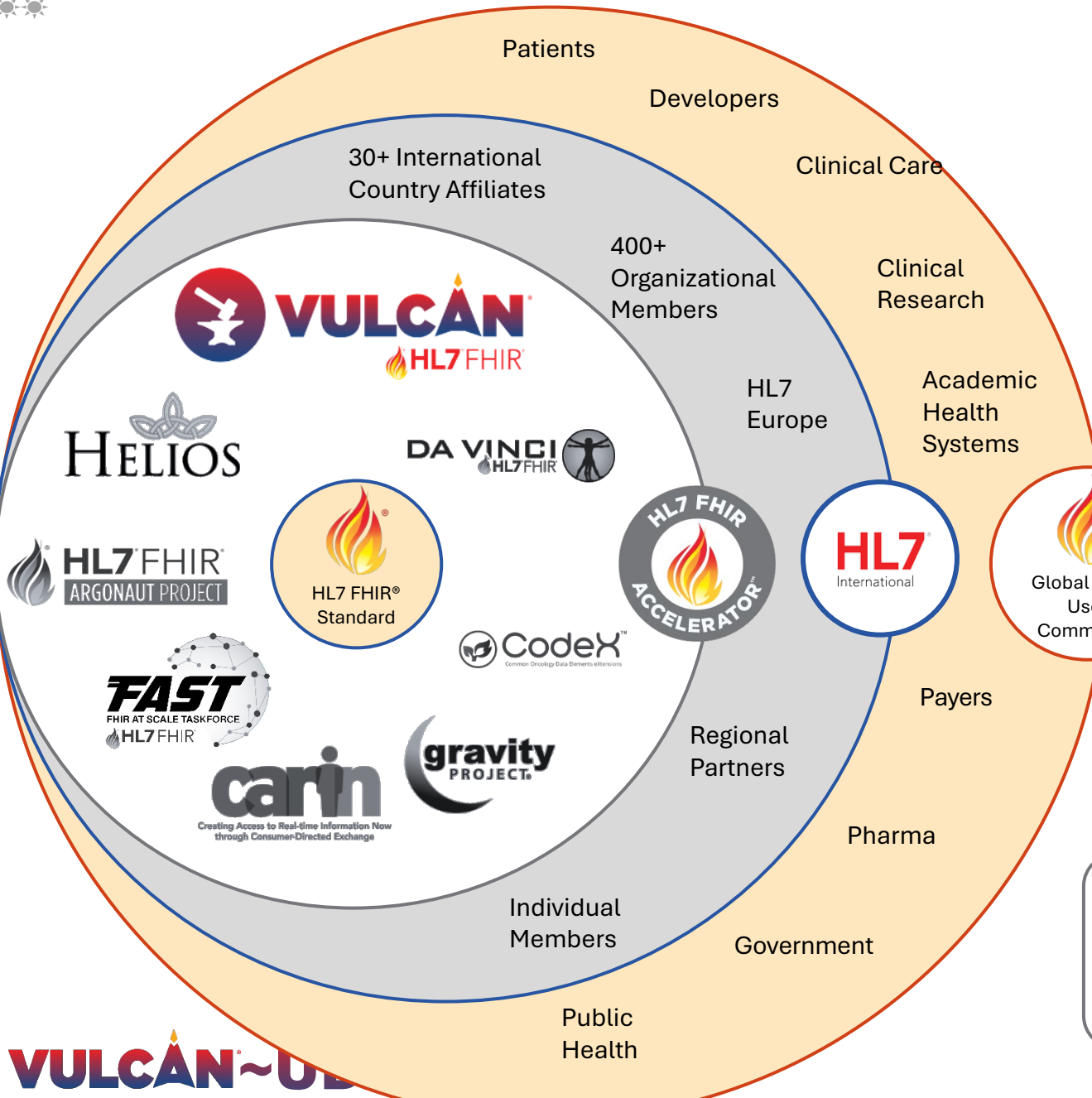
VULCAN HL7 FHIR

Implementation and Testing

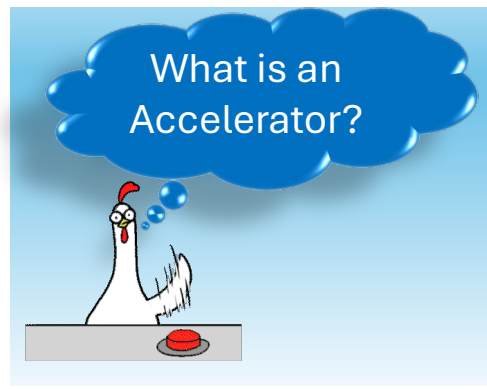
- Use Cases
- Implementation Guide(s)
- Reference Application
- Connectathon

TransCelerate
BIOPHARMA INC.

Vulcan and the HL7 FHIR® Ecosystem



Founded in 1987, **Health Level Seven® International (HL7)** is an ANSI-accredited, not-for-profit standards developing organization with the mission of empowering global health interoperability. With affiliates in over 30 countries, HL7's global membership envisions a **world in which everyone can securely access and use the right data when and where they need it.**



The **HL7 FHIR ACCELERATOR** program is designed to assist communities and collaborative groups across the global health care spectrum in the **creation and adoption of high quality FHIR Implementation Guides or other standard artifacts** to move toward the realization of global health data interoperability.

***Vulcan** serves a user community focused on integrating clinical research and clinical care through the adoption of FHIR.*

Vulcan is a membership-based group operated under HL7's FHIR Accelerator Program

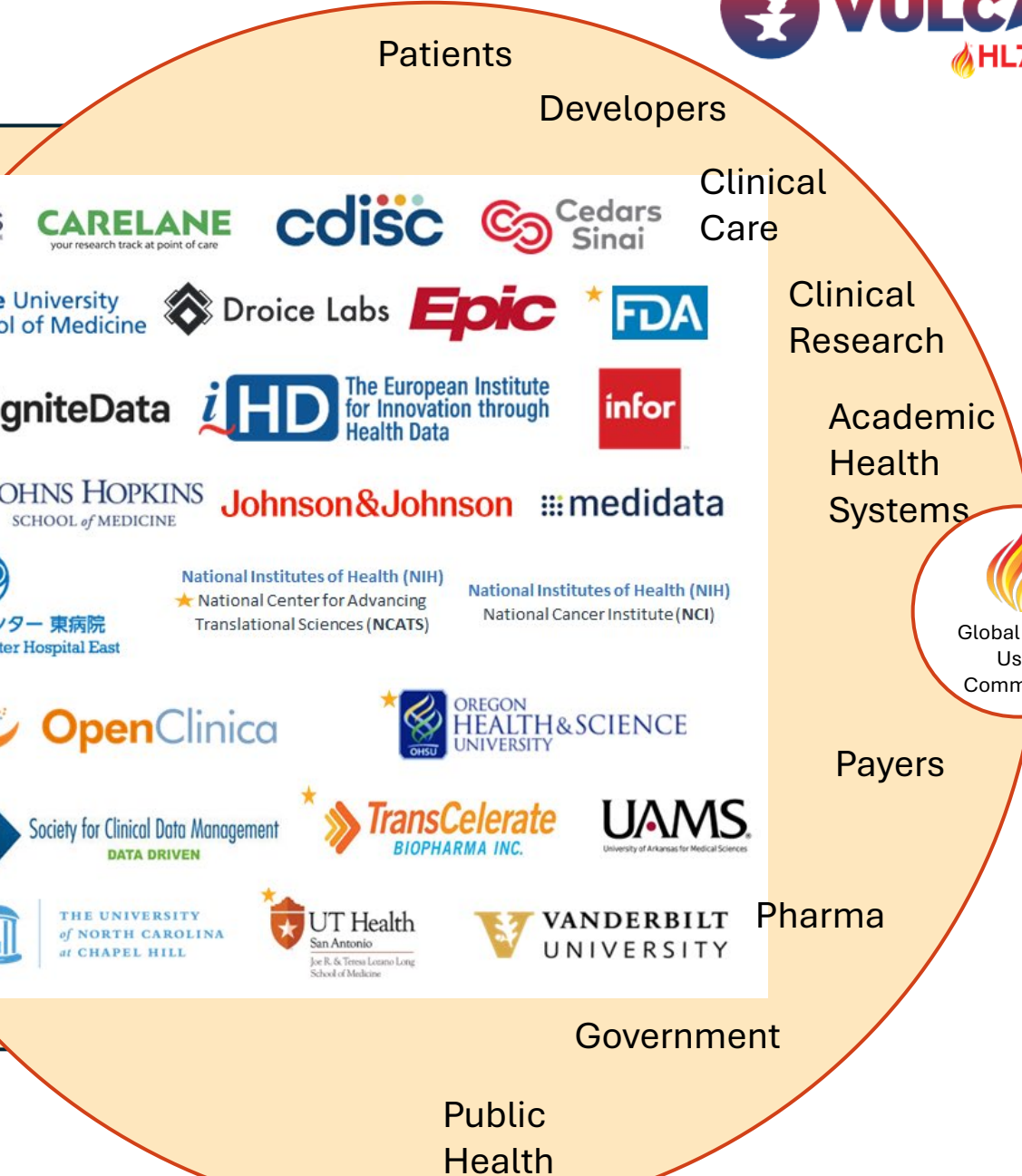


BRIDGE CLINICAL RESEARCH AND CLINICAL CARE

STRATEGICALLY CONNECT COLLABORATORS

MAXIMIZE COLLECTIVE RESOURCES

ENABLE THE DEVELOPMENT OF TOOLS & SOLUTIONS



Design Layers – House Building

How do the pieces fit together?

Template

- Tech Spec
- Template
- Guide

Models and Terminology

- USDM
- Terminology
- Jason API
- Conformance Rules

Implementation and Testing

- Use Cases
- Implementation Guide(s)
- Reference Application
- Connectathon

Shared

- Shared Maintenance Plan
- Communications Strategy

Logos: ICH harmonisation for, cdisc, TransCelerate BIOPHARMA INC., VULCAN HL7FHIR

Increasing Constraint

Physical Building

Physical

Construction Details

Fig. 8.17. Steel Roof truss

Logical

Specific Plan

Building Regulations

Planning Regulations

EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM
THE BUILDING REGULATIONS 2010
2010 No. 2214
THE BUILDING (APPROVED INSPECTORS ETC) REGULATIONS 2010
2010 No. 2215

- This explanatory memorandum has been prepared by the Department for Communities and Local Government, and is laid before Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.
- Purpose of the instrument**
 - The Building Regulations 2010 consolidate the Building Regulations 2000 (S.I. 2000/2511) and subsequent amending Regulations, and the Building (Approved Inspectors etc.) Regulations 2000 (S.I. 2000/2512) and subsequent amendments. These two sets of regulations have related considerations. All the amending instruments made since each of the 2000 Regulations came into effect listed in Schedule 2 to the Building Regulations 2010 and Schedule 4 to the Building (Approved Inspectors etc.) Regulations 2010 are incorporated into the instruments.
- Matters of special interest to the Joint Committee on Statutory Instruments**
 - None
- Legislative Context**
 - Section 1 of the Building Act 1984 (c. 55) enables building regulations to be made for England and Wales for a number of purposes with respect to the design and construction of buildings, and the services, fittings and equipment provided in or in connection with buildings. These purposes include securing the health, safety, welfare and convenience of persons in and about buildings, furthering the conservation of fuel and power, preventing waste, reducing consumption, noise or contamination of water, furthering the protection or enhancement of the environment, and facilitating sustainable development.
 - The Building Regulations 2010 and the Building (Approved Inspectors etc.) Regulations 2010 have been made pursuant to these powers. The Building Regulations 2010 establish general functional requirements for buildings when

Conceptual

Design Layers – House Building

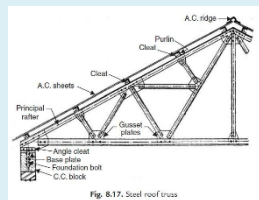
Digital Protocol

Increasing Constraint



Physical Building

Physical



Construction Details

Logical



Specific Plan

Conceptual

**EXPLANATORY MEMORANDUM
THE BUILDING REGULATIONS 2010**
2010 No. 2214
THE BUILDING (APPROVED INSPECTORS ETC) REGULATIONS 2010
2010 No. 2215

- This explanatory memorandum has been prepared by the Department for Communities and Local Government, and is laid before Parliament by Command of the Majesty.
- Purpose of the instrument**
 - The Building Regulations 2010 consolidate the Building Regulations 2000 (S.I. 2000/2511) and subsequent amending Regulations, and the Building (Approved Inspectors etc.) Regulations 2010 (S.I. 2010/2512) and subsequent amending Regulations. These are the regulations that relate to the building of buildings, and the amending instruments made under each of the 2000 Regulations came into effect (listed in Schedule 2 to the Building Regulations 2010 and Schedule 3 to the Building (Approved Inspectors etc.) Regulations 2010) are incorporated into the instruments.
- Matters of special interest to the Joint Committee on Statutory Instruments**
 - None
- Legislative Context**
 - Section 1 of the Building Act 1984 (c. 55) enables building regulations to be made for England and Wales for a number of purposes with respect to the design and construction of buildings and the services, fittings and equipment provided in or in connection with buildings. These purposes include securing the health, safety, welfare and convenience of persons in and about buildings, furthering the conservation of fuel and power, preventing waste, and the consumption, reuse or continuation of water; furthering the protection or enhancement of the environment; and facilitating sustainable development.
 - The Building Regulations 2010 and the Building (Approved Inspectors etc.) Regulations 2010 have been made pursuant to these powers. The Building Regulations 2010 establish general functional requirements for buildings when

Building Regulations

Planning Regulations



Physical Model, Database

FHIR

Implementation



Architecture Specific Model (Platform Specific)

Architecture



Use Case Specific USDM + CT

M11 CeSHarP

Case



Domain Information Model

Semantics



Reference Information Model

What is FHIR?



Why?

Interoperability out-of-the-box
(bridge clinical research and clinical care)



How?

Built on web standards
(e.g., XML, JSON, HTTP, and Oauth)



What?

150+ resources (building blocks)
to cover a wide array of use cases



Who?

Diverse global community (hospitals, academia,
vendors, biopharma, regulators)



FHIR (**F**ast **H**ealthcare **I**nteroperability **R**esources), a specification, which is a standard for exchanging healthcare information electronically. FHIR R4 is the modernization of and best feature reutilization from HL7s v2, v3, and CDA products. Development of resources supposedly follows an 80/20 rule and aims to focus on what is required in 80% of existing systems and to regard the remaining 20% as edge cases. The 20% can then be dealt with through the extension mechanism built into FHIR.

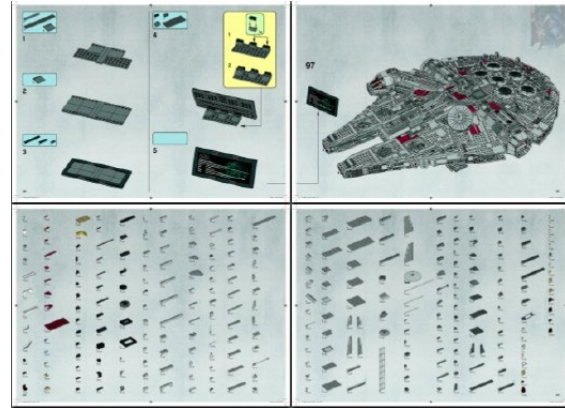
FHIR aims to simplify implementation without sacrificing information integrity. It leverages existing logical and theoretical models to provide a consistent, easy to implement, and rigorous mechanism for exchanging data between healthcare applications.

Implementation Guides are Key



FHIR Resources
(components – like Lego blocks)

- Open Source – No membership required
- FHIR makes no assumptions about the architectural design of systems
- The **content** is the same structure whatever the interoperability paradigm



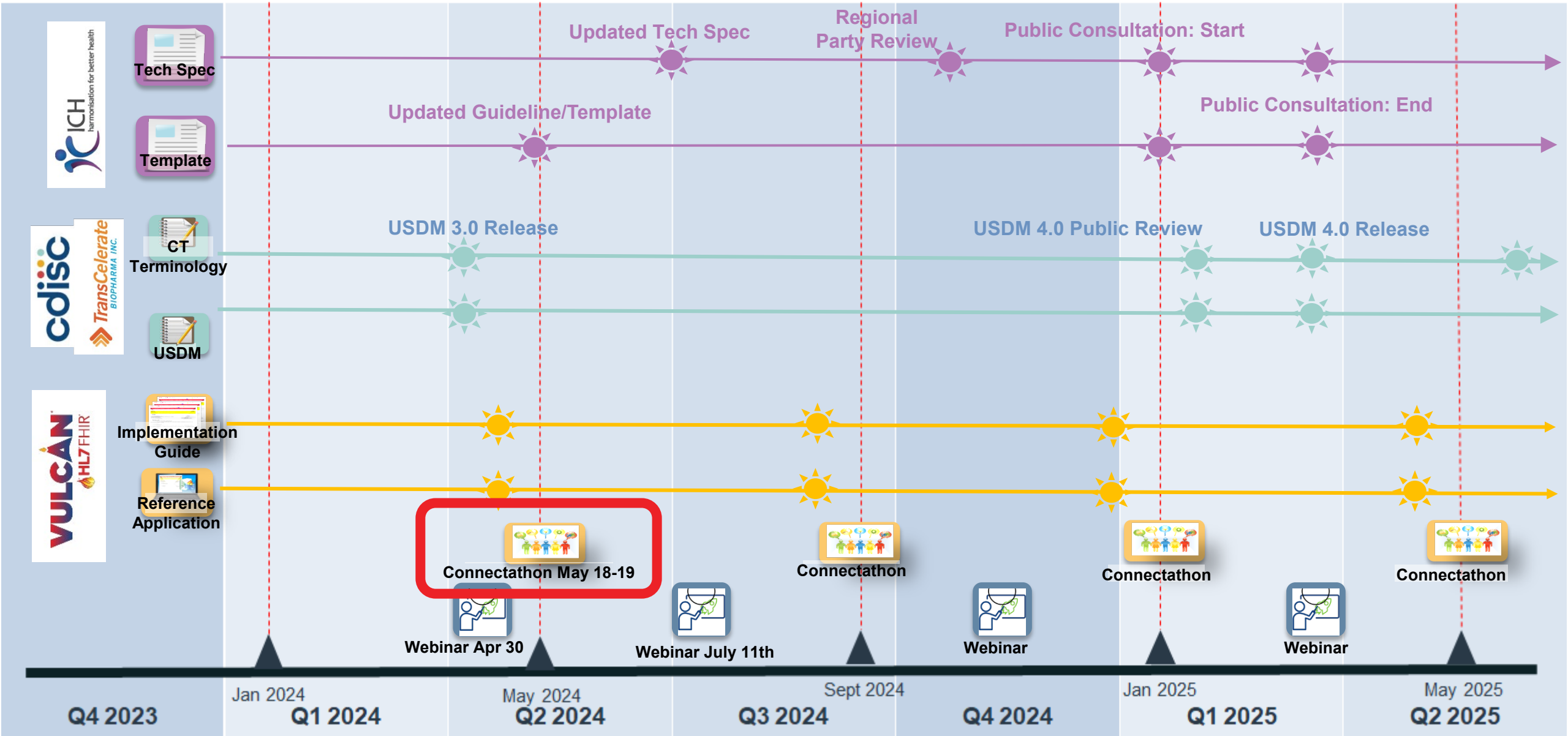
Implementation Guides



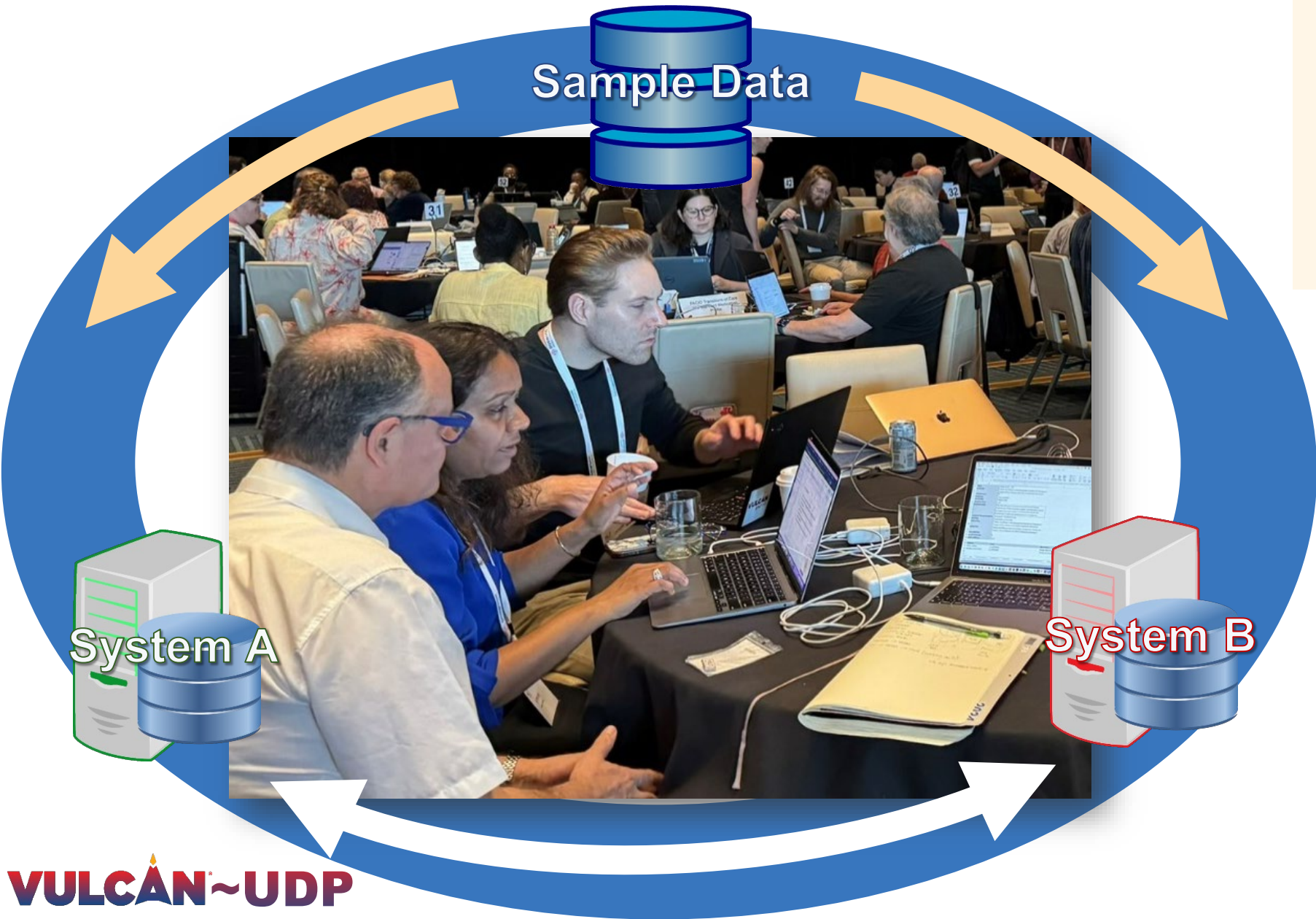
Data Transport Models –
(the finished Lego structure)



Connectathons are a key feature of FHIR



Components of a Connectathon



Components required

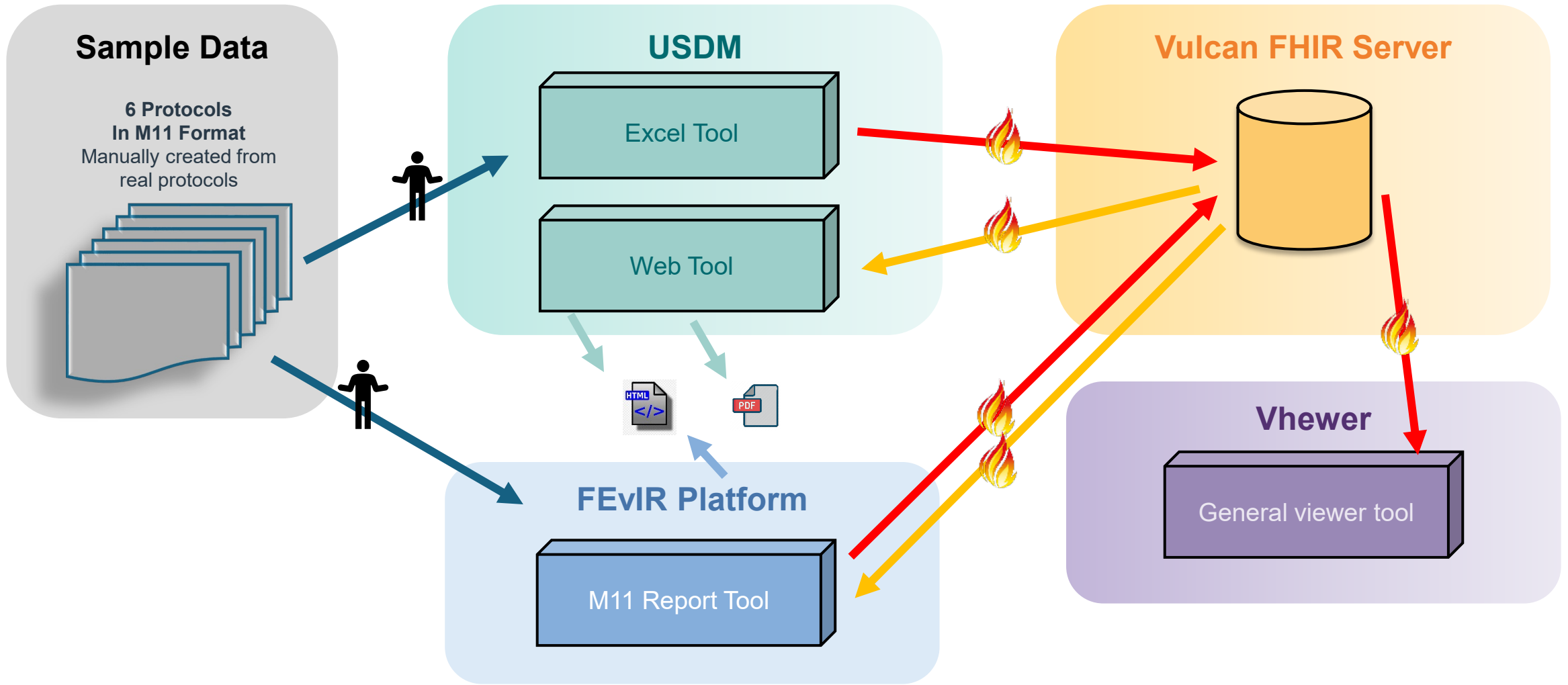
1. People
2. The FHIR standard
3. Implementation Guides
4. Sample Data
5. Test Systems

Test that “things” work

- Demonstrate FHIR based exchange of a Protocol **Document**
- Get the connectathon process running



UDP Connectathons May: Systems Participating



The connectathon demonstrated successful Protocol representation in FHIR following M11 document template and began to identify more granular representations

- Had 6 sample protocols created and in FHIR format
- Connected USDM to FHIR for first time
- Exercised tools from participants to create sets of data and load to the server using multiple tools as identified in the drawing





September Connectathon

- **Structured title page (highest-level protocol metadata)**
- **Inclusion / Exclusion Criteria**
- **Expand vendor participation**

Early thinking on 2025 Connectathon Topics

- **Objectives and Endpoints**
- **Schedule of Activities**
- **Mapping to data capture tools**
- **Utilization of ODM**





True success for UDP will come only with involvement from the widest possible community ...

Connectathons

- HL7 Events January (virtual), May, September
- Specific UDP events
- **Search:** [HL7 Connectathon](#)
- Open to all
- Influence development
- Gain experience and insight

Webinar Series

- Regular cadence of Webinars next one planned in the fall
- Information and Progress updates
- Connectathon reports

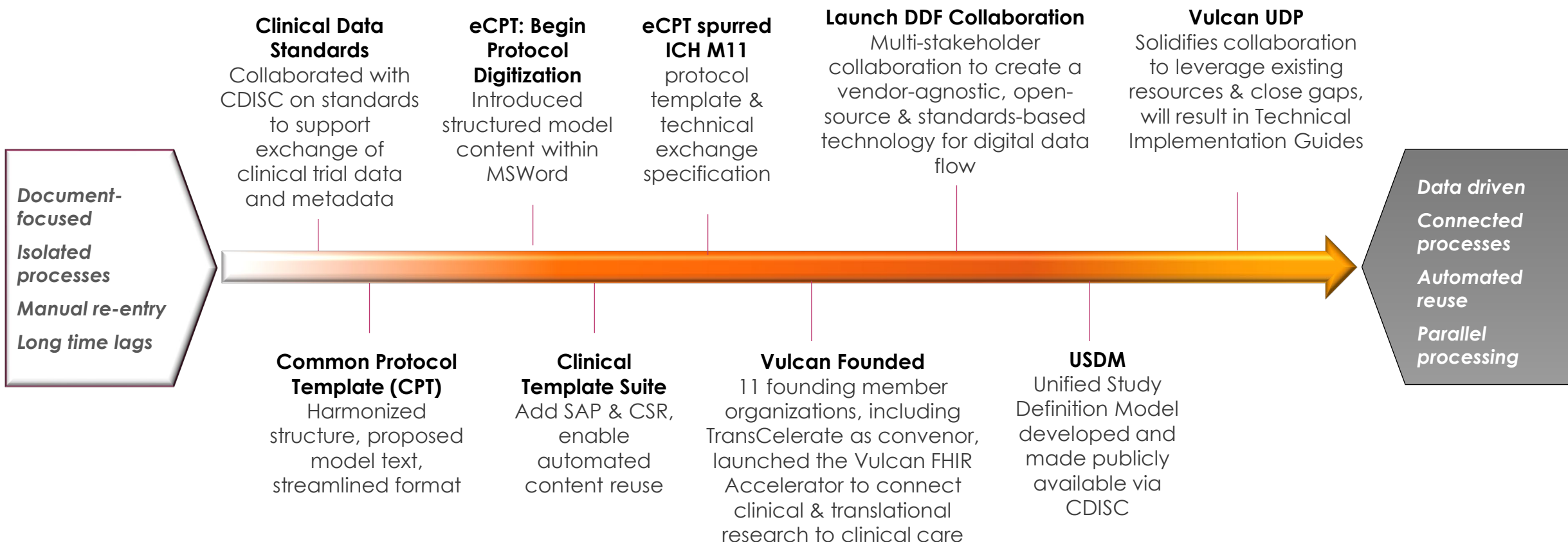
Community of Interest

- Open forum for users
- We need to hear real business processes
- Active engagement
- Forefront of application development

Pathway to Implementation

Mary Lynn Mercado

TransCelerate is part of a journey to break down barriers to data/digital transformation in R&D

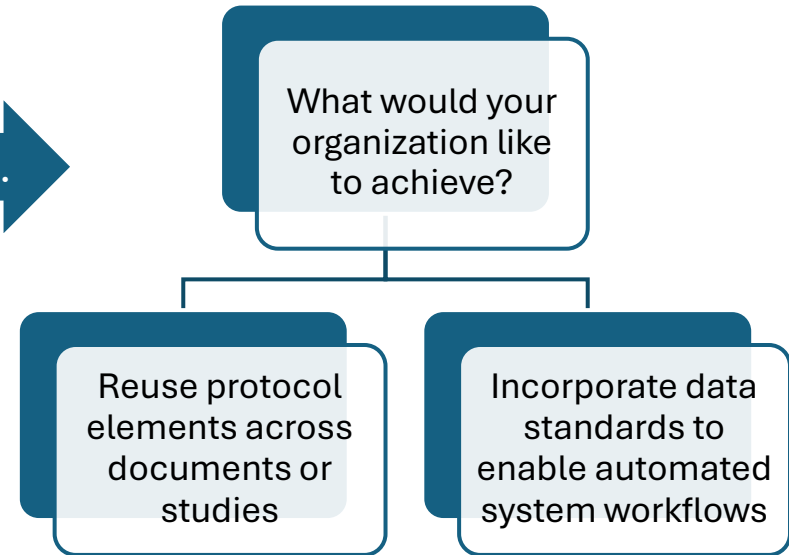


Don't wait to chart your pathway to implementation

1. Prioritize use cases for a digital protocol

- How could your organization benefit from a digital protocol?
- What are your protocol process-related pain points?

For example...



2. Learn more about the building blocks that will enable a digital protocol

- ICH M11, TransCelerate, CDISC, HL7, Vulcan

3. Engage early and often with stakeholders who will be impacted by and/or benefit from availability of a digital protocol

- Decision-makers within your organization
- Internal stakeholders
- Vendor community
- External stakeholders creating guidelines and tools



Implementation starts with prioritizing a business problem to be solved with the digital protocol

Automated creation of CRFs

Automated clinical trial pricing

Schedule of Assessments that does not have to be manually translated for use by a site

Real-time regulatory review of clinical trial protocols

Single source of truth for clinical trial protocol elements

Automated study design analytics

Automated population of downstream clinical documents

Automated population of clinical trial applications and registries

Automated generation of fit-for-purpose views of clinical trial protocol information



Understanding the value of components will be foundational to your unique implementation strategy

ICH M11 Template

- Enables content fit for regulators and sites
- Harmonized structure

ICH M11 Technical Specification

- Structured elements
- Valid values lists

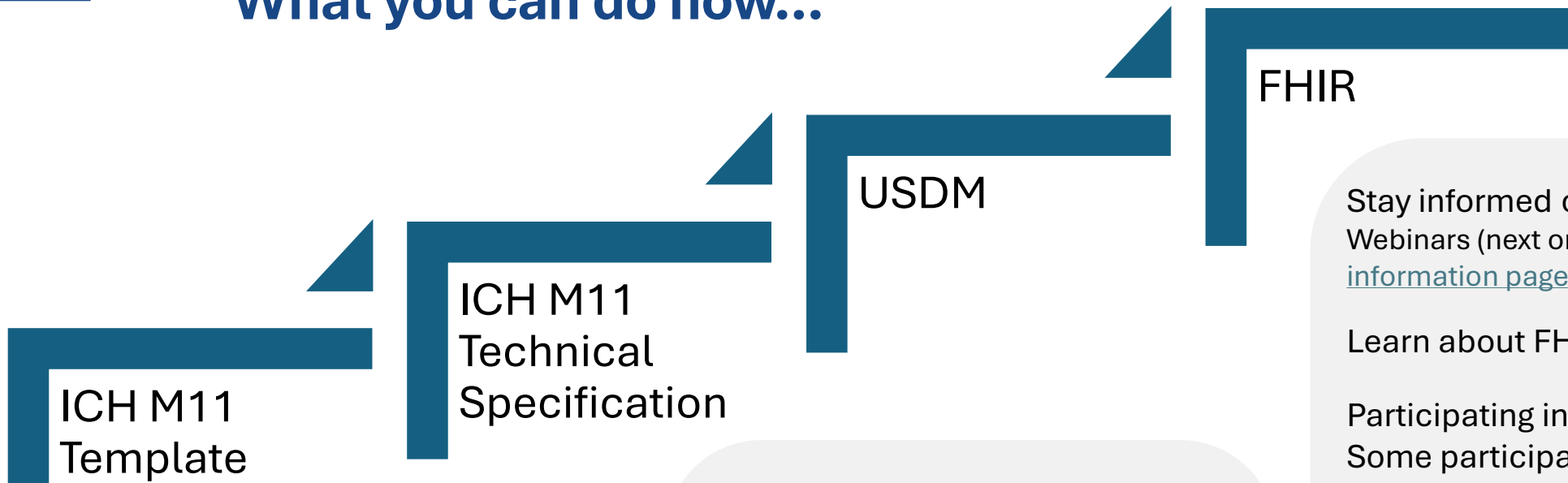
USDM

- Additional structured elements
- Critical context
- Computable

FHIR

- Open exchange
- Offers bridge between clinical research and clinical care

What you can do now...



Align internal templates to the CPT (Common Protocol Template) which ICH has drawn from

Familiarize yourself with the DRAFT Template, Guideline, Technical Specification
<https://www.ich.org/page/multidisciplinary-guidelines>

Participate in public reviews

Reference the DDF Technology Architecture Scenarios Tool for examples of potential implementation patterns

Consider upcoming events:

- 26 Sept: DDF Vendor Showcase Webinar Series
- 10 Oct: “DDF in Action” Day
- 21-25 Oct: CDISC US Interchange [INFO](#)

Participate in CDISC public reviews

Stay informed on UDP:

Webinars (next one in the fall), [Vulcan UDP information page](#) on HL7’s Confluence

Learn about FHIR: Reference [HL7 Vulcan](#)

Participating in a Connectathon*!

Some participation options

- Perform testing (test protocols and applications provided)
- “Bring-your-own” protocols
- “Bring-your-own” software
- Contribute business process insights (non-technical)
- Send your R&D IT rep or vendor
- Contribute test protocols, convert protocols to M11/USDM – share learnings

* Sept Connectathon in Atlanta: onsite only or via virtual prep 1-2 months ahead, Jan to be virtual

Expert Panel Discussion with Q&A



Stacy Tegan
TransCelerate
Program Director

As a reminder, we can't answer questions about:

- Specific vendors with whom organizations are working
- Costs of using/implementing TransCelerate assets/tools
- Which member companies are using the assets/tools

Please state to whom your question is directed



HUGH GLOVER
TECHNICAL DIRECTOR



MARY LYNN MERCADO

GLOBAL HEAD PROTOCOL
DELIVERY & US SITE HEAD,
REGULATORY WRITING &
SUBMISSIONS



CHRIS DECKER
PRESIDENT AND CEO



RON FITZMARTIN

SENIOR ADVISOR,
OFFICE OF REGULATORY
OPERATIONS



NOEMIE MANENT

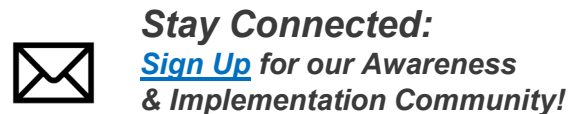
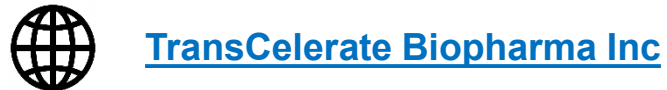
CLINICAL TRIAL
TRANSFORMATION (CTT),
CHANGE MANAGER





- **Connectathon in September**
- **Future UDP Webinar in the fall**
Report out from the September Connectathon

Contacts & Resources



ICH M11

ICH Multidisciplinary guidelines page: <https://www.ich.org/page/multidisciplinary-guidelines>

ICH M11 guideline (Draft): https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/ICH_M11_draft_Guideline_Step2_2022_0904.pdf

ICH M11 Protocol template (Draft): https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/ICH_M11_Template_Step2_2022_0904.pdf

ICH M11 Technical specification (draft): https://database.ich.org/sites/default/files/ICH_M11_TechnicalSpecification_Step2_2022_1014.pdf

Thank you!

If you have any questions about the UDP Project please reach out to:
Vulcan@HL7.org

For any questions about the Webinar or issues with the recording please reach out to:
Events@transceleratebiopharmainc.com